

**Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network  
(FoodNet)  
Surveillance Protocol, 2005**

**Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)  
Active Surveillance Protocol**

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## **Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Active Surveillance Protocol**

### **I. ACTIVE SURVEILLANCE OBJECTIVES**

1. Determine the incidence and clinical consequences of foodborne diseases in the United States
2. Monitor change in incidence in foodborne diseases over time

### **II. INTRODUCTION**

The Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) is the principal foodborne disease component of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC's) Emerging Infections Program (EIP). FoodNet is a collaborative project among CDC, the eleven EIP sites, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), and the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA). FoodNet augments, but does not replace, longstanding activities at CDC, USDA, FDA, and in the states to identify, control, and prevent foodborne disease hazards.

FoodNet is a sentinel network that is producing more stable and accurate national estimates of the burden and sources of specific foodborne diseases in the United States through active laboratory-based surveillance and additional studies. Enhanced surveillance and investigation are integral parts of developing and evaluating new prevention and control strategies that can improve food safety and health. Ongoing

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FoodNet surveillance is being used to document the effectiveness of new food safety control measures, such as the USDA–FSIS Pathogen Reduction and Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (PR/HACCP) systems, in decreasing the number of cases of foodborne diseases that occur in the United States each year.

### **III. ACTIVE SURVEILLANCE DATA– LABORATORY CONFIRMED CASES**

#### **A. CASE DEFINITION**

Isolation of laboratory-confirmed *Campylobacter*, *Cryptosporidium*, *Cyclospora*, Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* (including *E. coli* O157), *Listeria*, *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, *Vibrio*, and *Yersinia* from a resident of the catchment area during a given time period (e.g., calendar year)

#### **B. DATA COLLECTION**

FoodNet personnel within each site contact each clinical laboratory within that site’s catchment area either weekly or monthly, depending on the laboratory size. Sites ascertain all laboratory-confirmed cases (see section titled “Case Definition”) of infection from stool, and sites also ascertain all laboratory-confirmed cases from urine, blood, cerebrospinal fluid, or other sterile sites (e.g., bone, joint fluid, or peritoneal fluid). Isolates from other non-sterile sites (e.g., wound) should also be captured as FoodNet cases. Of note, isolates from urine were not included in

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FoodNet surveillance from 1996 to 1998, *Cryptosporidium* and *Cyclospora* were not included in FoodNet surveillance in 1996 and 1997, and non-O157 Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* were not included in 1996 to 1999. Additionally, each clinical laboratory within that site's catchment area should be audited at least twice per year (see section titled "Clinical Laboratory Audit") to evaluate the completeness of case ascertainment.

A person with the same pathogen isolated 2 or more times from the same specimen source within a thirty day period (regardless of calendar year) will be identified as a duplicate and the second isolation will be excluded from the active dataset. Persons with the same pathogen isolated from the same specimen source within 31 to 365 days of the original culture (regardless of calendar year) will be classified as a carrier and the second isolation will be excluded from the active dataset (Appendix I).

Of note, it is possible that a resident within the FoodNet catchment area may become ill, seek medical care and submit a specimen, but that the specimen may be sent to a clinical laboratory that is geographically outside the FoodNet surveillance area.

FoodNet attempts to ascertain such cases by contacting the larger diagnostic reference laboratories that are likely to receive specimens from residents of the FoodNet sites.

Those clinical laboratories outside the surveillance area that have been identified as having received specimens from FoodNet residents are then added to the list of

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clinical laboratories that are routinely contacted by FoodNet surveillance officers within each site.

Once a case has been identified, FoodNet personnel within each site complete a Case Report Form and/or enter the data directly into an electronic database. The Case Report Form should serve as a template for the information to be collected. If the appropriate information is being captured, a hard copy of the Case Report Form does not necessarily need to be completed. There is one Case Report Form for bacterial pathogens (Appendix II) and one Case Report Form for parasitic pathogens (Appendix III). Definitions for these variables can be found in Appendix IV. The information from these forms is compiled by each site within an electronic database (see section titled “Database Structure”).

In 2004, there were two major changes to the data collected by FoodNet. First, FoodNet began identifying whether a case was part of a foodborne outbreak for cases of *Salmonella* and *E. coli* O157. If the case was related to a foodborne outbreak, FoodNet personnel in the sites would record the CDC Electronic Foodborne Outbreak Reporting System (EFORS) number of that outbreak (Note: this is **not** the state assigned outbreak number but the number which is automatically generated by CDC in EFORS). In the event a FoodNet resident was exposed outside of his/her FoodNet catchment area, the EFORS number should be entered as “999999.” All cases associated with a foodborne outbreak should have the EFORS variable completed;

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either with the CDC EFORS number or with “999999.”

Second, FoodNet began collecting international travel history from cases with *Salmonella* and *E. coli* O157 infections. The exposure window of interest is 7 days prior to the date of symptom onset. In order to obtain as much travel information as possible, it is expected that each site will attempt to interview all cases of *Salmonella* and *E. coli* O157. In Georgia, however, every 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> case with a *Salmonella* infection and every case with an *E. coli* O157 infection will be interviewed. If a person is not interviewed, a value of “unknown” should be entered into the international travel history variable field.

### **C. DATABASE STRUCTURE**

FoodNet surveillance data should be housed in an electronic data management system. Historically, FoodNet sites have used the Public Health Laboratory Information System (PHLIS) to store data on-site and to transmit data to CDC. In 2002, FoodNet personnel determined that PHLIS was not necessarily the best method for storing and transmitting data for FoodNet purposes. FoodNet will eventually switch to the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS) and is currently developing a Foodborne Program Area Module (PAM).

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In 2005, Tennessee began transmitting FoodNet data to CDC via NEDSS. Until NEDSS is implemented in the other FoodNet sites, each site has a method for data storage and transmission that meets the needs of that site. California, Connecticut, Georgia, and Minnesota will continue to use PHLIS to store FoodNet data until they implement NEDSS. Colorado, Maryland, New Mexico, New York, and Oregon will use state-based data structures that are NEDSS compliant to store FoodNet data. All FoodNet sites, excluding TN, transmit data on a monthly basis to a secure FTP website at CDC.

Regardless of the data structure (i.e., PHLIS, a NEDSS-compliant state developed system, NEDSS), data should contain the same basic information. Variable names, definitions, and legal values can be found in Appendix V.

### **D. DATA TRANSMISSION**

FoodNet surveillance data are transmitted to CDC on a monthly basis. An email is sent out a few weeks before the Steering Committee conference call reminding sites of the deadline for monthly data submission. Steering Committee calls are held on the second Thursday of each month. It is strongly encouraged that sites follow this deadline as a lack of timeliness delays the monthly review and analysis of data. Year-to-date numbers of cases by pathogen should be submitted with each transmission.

FoodNet sites are requested to post their data on the secure Emerging Infections Program (EIP) FTP site under the “FoodNet” folder and inform the appropriate CDC



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surveillance officer when these data have been posted. After these data are downloaded from the FTP site, the file is deleted from the site.

### **E. DATA MANAGEMENT AT CDC**

A patient with multiple isolates will require one or several Case Report Forms, depending on the situation.

- A. Time Frame:* If a patient has been identified as a duplicate as described above, a new Case Report Form is not needed. For example, if *Salmonella* is isolated from two stools specimens in the same week, only enter the first isolate into the database. This will be counted as one case in any analyses. If a patient has been identified as a carrier as described above, a new Case Report Form is needed. For example, if *Salmonella* is isolated from stool on the first of the month and a second *Salmonella* is isolated from stool on the fifteenth of the following month, enter both stools into the database.
- B. Multiple Sites:* If the patient has the same pathogen isolated from different specimen sources, regardless of the time, then a new Case Report Form is needed for each source. For example, if *E. coli* O157 is isolated from blood and stool, enter both into the database. This will be counted as one case in analysis and the more invasive specimen will be used for analysis.
- C. Multiple Specimens:* If the patient has multiple pathogens, or the same pathogen with different serotypes, isolated from the same source, regardless of time, then a new Case Report Form is required for each

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pathogen. For example, if *Campylobacter* and *Shigella* are isolated from stool, then enter both pathogens into the database. These will be counted as two cases in analysis.

### **F. DATA CLOSE-OUT**

Preliminary data close-out begins in January and continues into February in time for the annual FoodNet Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR) which is published in the April. Final data close-out begins in late June and continues into July. During preliminary and final data close-outs, each site works with a CDC surveillance officer to reconcile case counts and other data discrepancies (e.g., *Salmonella* serotypes) between CDC and the sites.

By mid-June, sites should have all cases for the previous year entered into their databases, these data should be sent to CDC (in that data transmission, each site should also provide information on a summary of the case counts, the number of carriers, whether carriers are included in these data, and whether duplicates are included in these data). After these data are received, a CDC surveillance officer will begin checking cases counts (i.e., CDC case counts compared to individual site cases counts). By mid-July, CDC and each site should have reconciled final case counts. Each site should send an official email stating their final counts, by pathogen, for that year.

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Once CDC and the sites have agreed on the case count numbers, CDC surveillance officers will review these data. Any data that may seem errant will be flagged and the site will be asked to verify the data point. If changes to the data are necessary, the data should be resubmitted and case counts should be re-verified.

### **G. DATA QUALITY**

Surveillance officers at CDC perform monthly checks of all surveillance data to ensure quality and completeness. In this process, the surveillance officers run frequencies on the data to look for any outlying data points (e.g., AGE=129 years). If any outlying data points are identified or if there are questionable data points, CDC will contact the site and request a correction or verification. For a correction to be utilized, data corrections must be made at the site and cleaned data must be retransmitted.

In particular, the surveillance officer will focus on accuracy of *Salmonella* serotyping data and accuracy and completeness of the State Laboratory Identification Number (SLABSID) (see section titled “FoodNet/NARMS integration”). The CDC surveillance officer will contact sites on a prospective basis, about inaccuracies or incomplete information. Changes made to the data at the sites will be captured during the next monthly transmission.

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Additionally, the FoodNet Performance Standards (Appendix VI) have been developed to assess completeness and accuracy of FoodNet data. Twice a year, these standards are evaluated and feedback is provided to the sites. Performance standards are reviewed annually at the Coordinators Meeting and revised as appropriate.

### **H. FOODNET/NARMS INTEGRATION**

The National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System for Enteric Bacteria (NARMS) was established in 1996 within the framework of the CDC's Emerging Infections Program's (EIP) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity Program. NARMS collaborators include CDC, FDA, and all state and selected local health departments. The primary objective of NARMS is to monitor antimicrobial resistance among *Salmonella*, *E. coli* O157, and *Shigella*. Participating sites forward every twentieth non-Typhi *Salmonella*, *E. coli* O157, and *Shigella* isolate as well as every *Salmonella* Typhi, *Listeria*, and *Vibrio* isolate to CDC. Sites also forward to CDC the first *Campylobacter* isolate received each week at either the state public health laboratory or a sentinel clinical laboratory. Once the isolates arrive at CDC, microbiologists test them for susceptibility against 17 antimicrobial agents.

NARMS and FoodNet personnel at the sites and at CDC have been working towards linking data from both surveillance systems, thus integrating susceptibility data from NARMS with patient data from FoodNet. Eventually, the goal is to also integrate data

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from the National Molecular Subtyping Network for Foodborne Disease Surveillance, also known as PulseNet, to improve the power of all 3 surveillance programs.

For FoodNet and NARMS data to be linked, each isolate must have a unique identifier, which is the State Laboratory Identification Number (FoodNet variable: SLABSID). We encourage FoodNet epidemiologists to communicate with the NARMS microbiologists in each state to make sure that FoodNet data and NARMS isolates from the same patient are identified by the same State Laboratory Identification Number. At CDC, surveillance epidemiologists will prospectively monitor monthly FoodNet data submissions to ensure the correct State Laboratory Identification Number format is being submitted. If a case is submitted with an incorrect State Laboratory Identification Number format, the case will be “flagged” by the FoodNet application and CDC FoodNet personnel will contact the appropriate site to request a correction.

### **I. CLINICAL LABORATORY AUDIT**

Regular clinical laboratory audits are a fundamental requirement of FoodNet active surveillance of laboratory confirmed cases. To ensure that all cases of diseases under surveillance are being reported and to ensure that any change in incidence is not due to surveillance artifacts, audits of every clinical laboratory within the FoodNet surveillance area must be performed at least twice per year. However, if a laboratory routinely reports all culture results via computer printouts, there is no need to repeat the audit, as this method itself meets the criteria for an audit. Hospital visits and/or

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phone calls may still be necessary to collect information missing from the Case Report Form.

The primary data source at every reporting site (usually a laboratory log slips/log book or computer printout that lists all isolates) should be reviewed for pathogens under surveillance, and compared to the list of cases reported prospectively to the surveillance coordinator. A Case Report Form should be completed on all newly identified cases that have not been entered into the surveillance database. Cases identified by audit should be submitted following the FoodNet case ascertainment guidelines used for cases obtained through non-audited methods. Once audits are completed, the Case Report Forms on both “audit” cases and any other outstanding cases should be entered into the computer database. If complete Case Report Forms cannot be entered into the database, basic demographic information such as age, sex, race and county of residence should be entered into the database for these pending cases.

### Acceptable methods for auditing a laboratory include:

- Physical visit by an agent of the state (e.g., FoodNet/state employee, academic partner) to the laboratory to review, in person, the laboratory testing log slips/log books (onsite review). If used, this method must include personal

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review of every possible positive laboratory test result from the laboratory being audited.

- Review of a computer generated line list of all laboratory data, with documentation that the program used to generate the computer generated list will include every case potentially fitting the FoodNet surveillance definition from that laboratory. This documentation should be held at each FoodNet site for at least five years.
  
- Review of an electronic database of cases received electronically or in hard-copy from clinical laboratories, with documentation that the program used to generate the database will include every case potentially fitting the FoodNet surveillance definition from that laboratory. This documentation should be held at each FoodNet for at least five years.

Unacceptable methods for an audit include:

- Sending a list of FoodNet cases to the clinical laboratories for the laboratories to review and indicate whether FoodNet site has counted all cases

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- Review of a list of “cases” or positive test results generated by hand, or by review of computer reports, from laboratory personnel, infection control, or other hospital staff.
  
- Review of cases or positive reports set aside or sent in by laboratory personnel, infection control staff, or other hospital staff.

**J. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ON SELECTED PATHOGENS UNDER  
SURVEILLANCE**

**1. Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli***

As FoodNet has gained a better understanding of surveillance for Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* (STEC), the classification for STEC cases has changed. From 1996-1999, surveillance was only conducted for *E. coli* O157. In 2000, surveillance was expanded in some states to STEC non-O157 and cases were classified into two categories: “*E. coli* O157” and “*E. coli* other.” In 2001, STEC cases were classified into two categories: “*E. coli* O157” and “Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* non-O157.” Beginning in 2002, STEC cases were classified into three categories: “*E. coli* O157,” “Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* non-O157,” and “STEC O-Antigen Undetermined.”



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The classification of STEC into these categories depends upon a number of factors, including whether the isolate was biochemically identified as *E. coli*, the *E. coli* O antigen number, the H antigen number, and the results of the Shiga Toxin Test (Appendix VII).

Isolates are classified as "*E. coli* O157" when a laboratory confirms the expression of the O antigen 157 and either the expression of H antigen 7 or the production of Shiga toxin. Isolates are classified as "STEC non-O157" when a state public health laboratory confirms that the isolate does not express O antigen 157 and that it does produce Shiga toxin. For "STEC non-O157" isolates, if testing to determine the O antigen is not performed at the state public health laboratory or if the state public health laboratory is unable to determine the O antigen, these isolates should be forwarded to CDC for serotyping. If CDC confirms the expression of some other O antigen (e.g., O111, O26), then that O antigen number should be entered, by the state, into the database. Finally, isolates are classified as "STEC O Antigen Undetermined" if a state public health laboratory confirms the production of Shiga toxin and rules out the expression of O antigen 157, and, after testing at CDC, an O antigen cannot be determined. In 2004, the classifications of "STEC

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non-O157” and “STEC O-Antigen Undetermined” were modified.

The determination of a specific non-157 O antigen is no longer required to count a case as “STEC non-O157.” If the state public health laboratory has ruled out the expression of the O antigen 157, then the case is considered “STEC non-O157.” Those isolates which were not tested for the O antigen 157 would be categorized as “STEC O-Antigen Undetermined.”

### 2. *Listeria*

In FoodNet, *Listeria* cases are unique from other pathogens in that additional information, including pregnancy status as well as fetal outcome, is collected. All *Listeria* isolates are also sent to CDC for serotyping. After the serotype has been determined, this information is sent back to the state public health laboratory. Each site should attempt to enter the serotype information into their FoodNet data.

Additionally, the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) adopted a *Listeria* case surveillance position statement at their 2003 annual meeting. In this initiative, CSTE recommends prospective, routine interviewing of all listeriosis cases, using a standardized questionnaire, of

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all patients with culture-confirmed listeriosis. As a result, FoodNet sites began collecting these in 2004. This will be a paper-based reporting system (Appendix VIII).

### **3. *Salmonella***

FoodNet attempts to record complete *Salmonella* serotype information. In January 2003, CDC adopted the Kauffman-White scheme of *Salmonella* serotyping (prior to 2003 the modified Kauffman-White scheme was used). *Salmonella* serotype information is submitted to FoodNet during monthly data transmissions and is updated as additional laboratory testing is completed.

Additionally, to help improve the quality of *Salmonella* serotype data, FoodNet compares the *Salmonella* serotypes submitted by sites to a list of commonly found errors in *Salmonella* serotype names. Based on this comparison, error reports containing suggested corrections to serotype names are distributed on a quarterly basis. The documents found in Appendix IX and Appendix X will help elucidate *Salmonella* serotype designation.

Surveillance for *Salmonella* Typhi infections is conducted as part of routine FoodNet surveillance. In addition to this routine activity, an

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additional Case Report Form (Appendix XI) for every *S. Typhi* case should be completed. The person originally reporting the illness (e.g., a health care provider) should complete the report and send it to both state surveillance personnel, who will forward the report to CDC's Foodborne and Diarrheal Disease Branch at the provided address.

**4. *Vibrio***

Surveillance for *Vibrio* infections is conducted as part of routine FoodNet surveillance. An additional Case Report Form (Appendix XII) for every *Vibrio* case should be completed. The person originally reporting the illness (e.g., a health care provider) should complete the report and send it to state surveillance personnel and to CDC's Foodborne and Diarrheal Disease Branch at the provided address.

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### 5. *Yersinia*

FoodNet began collection *Yersinia* species information in 2003. An attempt has been made to ascertain this information for the 1996-2002 *Yersinia* data.

### 6. *Cyclospora*

A laboratory-confirmed case of *Cyclospora* can be identified using any of the following methods: direct fluorescent-antibody (DFA) kits, acid-fast smear, and/or rapid cartridge. The rapid cartridge results do not need to be confirmed unless the laboratory has reason to believe the results might be incorrect. Thus, if only the rapid cartridge and no other diagnostic test is positive, FoodNet would count this as a case of laboratory-confirmed *Cyclospora*. However, if the rapid cartridge is positive and another diagnostic test is negative, FoodNet would consider this a “presumptive” case of laboratory-confirmed *Cyclospora*. This “presumptive” case would be excluded from the FoodNet active surveillance data and would not be counted as a case.

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**IV. ACTIVE SURVEILLANCE DATA – HUS CASES**

Population-based surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) was initiated in 1997 in FoodNet to monitor long term trends in this important outcome of Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC) infection, to identify STEC strains that cause HUS in the United States and monitor changes in their frequency over time, and to establish a platform for conducting future studies of HUS pathogenesis and treatment.

The HUS surveillance system is based on reporting by pediatric nephrologists who are requested to promptly report all cases of HUS to the FoodNet HUS surveillance officer within each site. In some sites, relationships with infection control nurses at the tertiary care hospitals have been developed to identify HUS cases. FoodNet HUS surveillance officers also contact the pediatric nephrologists and infection control nurses once a month to ascertain any previously unreported cases of HUS. Additionally, several FoodNet sites review hospital discharge data in order to validate complete ascertainment of pediatric HUS cases and to identify any post-diarrheal adult cases of HUS. Review of hospital discharge data is done on a retrospective basis and these data are often not available until 6-9 months after the end of the calendar year. HUS data are closed out one calendar year after the given surveillance year. For example, 2002 HUS data are closed out in December 2003.

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There are three forms associated with HUS surveillance. The first form (A), the Case Report Form (Appendix XIII), should be completed to collect demographic information and data needed to confirm the diagnosis of HUS. Data for the Case Report Form may be collected by interviewing the attending physician, their designee, and/or by reviewing the patient's medical record. The second form (B), the Microbiology Report Form (Appendix XIV), collects information on specimens that may have been obtained as part of regular medical care. The third form (C), the Chart Review Form (Appendix XV), collects information on the outcome and complications of the patient's acute illness. Data from these three forms are entered by each site into an Access database using customized data entry screens. In addition to transmitting the data to CDC on a monthly basis, data are transmitted when a case is identified or new information is obtained for a reported case. For more detailed information on how to conduct HUS surveillance, please review the "Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005" (Appendix XVI).

Serologic testing for *E. coli* O157 and/or *E. coli* non-O157 antigens is available at CDC. Because the serologic test is not FDA approved and because the cost of analyzing a single specimen is prohibitive, state health department partners should not expect that results will be available in real time and should not use the results for clinical purposes. States requesting this service should submit sera to the Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases immunology laboratory. **Guidelines for submitting serum can be found in Appendix XVI.**

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### **V. DATA USAGE**

FoodNet data belong to individual sites that submit these data. You may use these data as you choose and you are encouraged to use these data to provide feedback to the clinical laboratories, physicians, and other relevant persons within your site.

If you would like to use FoodNet data from more than one site or you would like a CDC author on your site-specific abstract/manuscript, you must follow the Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Data Use Policy (Appendix XVII) and the Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Protocol Development and Publication Policy (Appendix XVIII).

### **VI. LEADERSHIP AND PARTICIPATION**

Since FoodNet is a collaborative effort, it is important to have participation and leadership from all those involved, including the state partners. Leadership and participation in FoodNet are measured in several ways. First, each month the FoodNet Steering Committee, including CDC, USDA, FDA and state partners, has a conference call that serves to update all stakeholders on recent FoodNet activities. On these calls, the Steering Committee discusses, among other items, any administrative issues, special



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studies (e.g., case-control studies), votes on potential proposals for sharing/analyzing the data, etc. Each FoodNet site should have at least one representative on the Steering Committee call.

Second, leadership and participation in the FoodNet Working Groups is encouraged. The Working Groups are established at the annual FoodNet Vision Meeting and focus on the priorities set by the Steering Committee. Finally, each site is encouraged to annually submit at least one abstract containing FoodNet data to a national meeting.

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Appendix XV: Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Chart Review Form

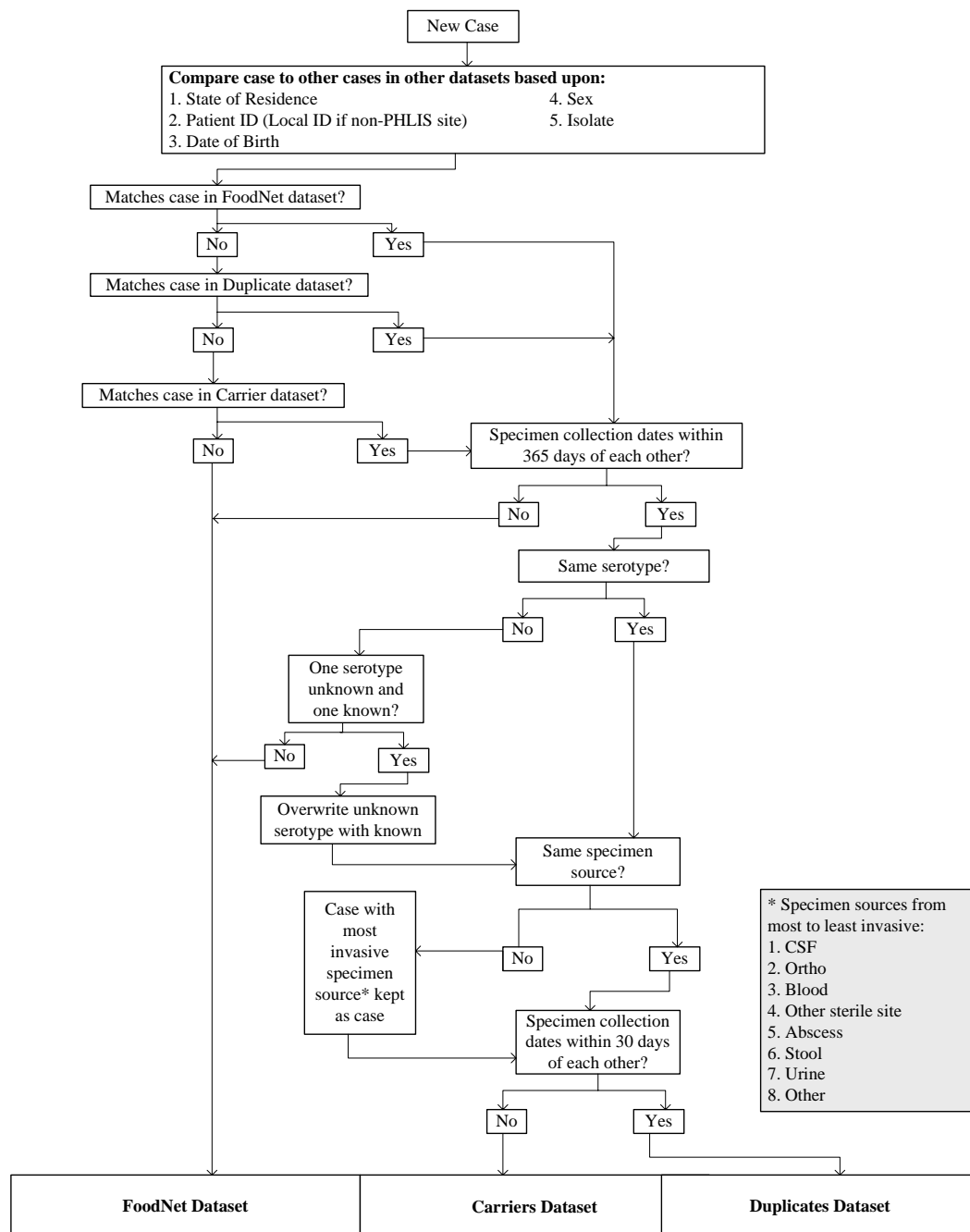
Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005

Appendix XVII: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Data Use Policy

Appendix XVIII: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Protocol Development and Publication Policy

# Appendix I: 2005 FoodNet Application Coding Scheme for Duplicates and Carriers

Updated 5/24/04



# Appendix II: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Case Report Bacterial Form

Local Case ID (Medical Record #): \_\_\_\_\_ PHLIS ID Number \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_  
Isolated Bacteria \_\_\_\_\_

Patient's name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Last First

Address \_\_\_\_\_ Phone No: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_  
Number/ Street City State ZIP

## Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Case Report Form

PHLIS ID # (Patient-Specimen): \_\_\_\_\_ ~ ~ ~  
Local ID \_\_\_\_\_ ~

<b>1) COUNTY</b> (residence of patient):  	<b>2) SEX:</b> Male Female Unknown	<b>4) RACE :</b> (original categories)  <b>White</b>  <b>Black</b>  <b>American Indian/ Native</b>  <b>Alaskan</b>  <b>Unknown</b>  <b>Asian or Pacific Islander</b>	<b>4a) RACE :</b> (additional FN categories)  Asian  Pacific Islander or  Native Hawaiian  Multi-racial  Other
	<b>3) DATE OF BIRTH:</b> ____ / ____ / ____ month day year		<b>5) ETHNICITY:</b>  Hispanic  Non-Hispanic  Unknown
<b>6) SPECIMEN COLLECTION DATE</b>  ____ / ____ / 200____ month day	<b>7) AGE:</b> ____ years  <b>8) IF &lt; 1 YEAR, AGE:</b> ____ months	<b>9) SUBMITTING LAB:</b>  ____  Laboratory	<b>9a) SUBMITTING PHYSICIAN:</b>  ____  Phone: ( ) ____ - ____
<b>Informant</b> _____		<b>Date Report Received in Lab</b> ____ / ____ / 200____ month day	
<b>10) SOURCE OF SPECIMEN:</b> Stool Blood CSF Urine Unknown Other site (specify): _____			
<b>11) ISOLATED BACTERIA:</b>			
<b>Salmonella</b> (serogroup____) serotype____		<b>Vibrio</b> (species____)	
<b>Shigella</b> (serogtype/species____)		<b>Yersinia</b> (species____)	
<b>Campylobacter</b> (species____)		<b>Listeria monocytogenes</b> (serotype____)	
<b>E. coli</b>		Pregnant? Yes No Unknown	
Biochemically identified? Yes No Unknown		Outcome of Fetus?	
O157 positive? Yes No Unsure/Not Tested		Abortion/stillbirth	
O antigen number ____		Induced abortion	
H7 positive? Yes No Unsure/Not Tested		Live birth/neonatal death	
H Antigen Number ____		Survived-clinical infection	
Isolate non-motile? Yes No Unsure/Not Tested		Survived-no apparent illness	
Shiga toxin-positive? Yes No Unsure/Not Tested		Unknown	
National database PFGE Pattern ____		Other Bacteria (specify):____	

# Appendix II: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Case Report Bacterial Form

Data Entry:

- ☐ PHLIS  
☐ CASE-CONTROL STUDY  
☐ EPI INFO

## A. Hospital Follow-up:

### 13) PATIENT STATUS AT THE TIME OF SPECIMEN COLLECTION:

Hospitalized (go to 15)      Unknown (go to 15c)

Outpatient (go to 14)

### 14) IF OUTPATIENT, WAS THE PATIENT SUBSEQUENTLY HOSPITALIZED?

Yes (go to 15)      No (go to 15c)      Unknown (go to 15c)

### 16) OUTCOME:      Alive      Dead      Unknown

### 16a) HOW WAS THIS INFORMATION (from #16) DETERMINED?

Patient / relative contacted  
 Physician contacted or chart review / medical records review  
 Did not follow up  
 County provided information

## B. Health Department Follow-up:

If the isolate was further characterized by the State Lab, please update #11.

### 17) DID THE STATE LAB RECEIVE THE ISOLATE?

Yes      No      Unknown

### 17a) If Yes, STATE LAB ISOLATE ID NUMBER:

### 19) WAS CASE FOUND DURING AN AUDIT?

Yes      No      Unknown

### 20) WAS THE CASE PART OF AN OUTBREAK?

Yes (go to 20a)      No      Unknown

### 20a) IF OUTBREAK RELATED, WAS IT A FOODBORNE OUTBREAK?

Yes (go to 20b)      No      Unknown

### 20b) CDC EFORS NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

### 15) IF PATIENT WAS HOSPITALIZED

(that is, if answered "Hospitalized" to #13 or "Yes" to #14):

Hospital name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of first admission: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_\_\_  
 month      day

Date of last discharge: \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_\_\_  
 month      day

### 15a) TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER HOSPITAL?

Yes      No      Unknown

### 15b) If Yes, TRANSFER HOSPITAL NAME:

### 15c) HOW WAS THE INFORMATION (from #13,14, or 15) DETERMINED?

Patient / relative contacted  
 Physician contacted or chart review / medical records review  
 Did not follow up  
 County provided information

### 18) DID THE PATIENT TRAVEL OUTSIDE THE U.S. WITHIN THE LAST

- 30 days prior to symptom onset (*S. Typhi* or *Listeria*)
- 7 days prior to symptom onset (other bacterial pathogens)

Yes (go to 17a)      No (go to 18)      Unknown (go to 18)

### 18a)

Date of departure from the U.S. : \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_\_\_  
 month      day

Date of return to the U.S. : \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_\_\_  
 month      day

### 21) WAS CASE ENROLLED IN A CASE-CONTROL STUDY?

Yes      No      Unknown

If No, Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

Reason Code: \_\_\_\_\_

### 22) IS CASE REPORT COMPLETE?      Yes      No

### 22a) If Yes, DATE CASE REPORT COMPLETED:

\_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_\_\_  
 month      day

### 22b) INITIALS OF PERSON COMPLETING CASE REPORT: \_\_\_\_\_

Comments \_\_\_\_\_

Appendix III: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Case Report Parasitic Form

Local Case ID (Medical Record #): \_\_\_\_\_

PHLIS ID Number \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_  
Isolated Parasite \_\_\_\_\_

Patient's name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Last First

Address \_\_\_\_\_ Phone No: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_  
Number/ Street City State ZIP

Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Case Report Form

PHLIS ID # (Patient-Specimen): ~ ~ ~

Local ID \_\_\_\_\_ ~

1) COUNTY (residence of patient):  _____ _____	2) SEX:  Male Female Unknown	4) RACE : (original categories)  White Black American Indian/ Native Alaskan Unknown Asian or Pacific Islander	4a) RACE : (additional FN categories)  Asian Pacific Islander or Native Hawaiian Multi-racial Other
	3) DATE OF BIRTH:  _____/_____/_____ month day year		5) ETHNICITY:  Hispanic Non-Hispanic Unknown
6) SPECIMEN COLLECTION DATE  _____/_____/200_____ month day	7) AGE: _____ years  8) IF < 1 YEAR, AGE: _____ months	9) SUBMITTING LAB:  _____  Laboratory	9a) SUBMITTING PHYSICIAN:  _____  Phone: ( ) _____ - _____
Informant _____ Date Report Received in Lab ____/____/200____ month day			
10) SOURCE OF SPECIMEN: Stool GI Aspirate Small Bowel Biopsy Unknown Other site (specify): _____			
11) ISOLATED PARASITIC ORGANISM: <div><div><b>Cryptosporidium</b> How identified? (Please check all that apply): Wet mount, not stained Wet mount, temporary stain, type: _____ Acid fast, type: _____ FA (Direct immunofluorescence) ELISA, specify immunoassay method: _____ PCR Other, please specify: _____</div><div><b>Cyclospora</b> How identified? (Please check all that apply): Wet mount, not stained Wet mount, temporary stain, type: _____ Wet mount, autofluorescence Acid fast, type: _____ Safranin, type: _____ PCR Other, please specify: _____</div></div>			

# Appendix III: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Case Report Parasitic Form

Data Entry:

- ☐ PHLIS  
☐ CASE-CONTROL STUDY  
☐ EPI INFO

## A. Hospital Follow-up:

### 13) PATIENT STATUS AT THE TIME OF SPECIMEN COLLECTION:

Hospitalized (go to 15)      Unknown (go to 15c)

Outpatient (go to 14)

### 13a) OISD (Other immunosuppressive diseases):

Yes      No      Not available

### 14) IF OUTPATIENT, WAS THE PATIENT SUBSEQUENTLY HOSPITALIZED?

Yes (go to 15)      No (go to 15c)      Unknown (go to 15c)

### 16) OUTCOME:      Alive      Dead      Unknown

### 16a) HOW WAS THIS INFORMATION (from #16) DETERMINED?

Patient / relative contacted

Physician contacted or chart review / medical records review

Did not follow up

County provided information

## B. Health Department Follow-up:

If the isolate was further characterized by the State Lab, please update #11.

### 17) DID THE STATE LAB RECEIVE THE ISOLATE?

Yes      No      Unknown

### 17a) If Yes, STATE LAB ISOLATE ID NUMBER:

### 20) WAS THE CASE PART OF AN OUTBREAK?

Yes (go to 20a)      No      Unknown

### 20a) IF OUTBREAK RELATED, WAS IT A FOODBORNE OUTBREAK?

Yes (go to 20b)      No      Unknown

### 20b) CDC EFORS NUMBER:

### 22) WAS CASE ENROLLED IN A CASE-CONTROL STUDY?

Yes      No      Unknown

If No, Reason: \_\_\_\_\_

Reason Code: \_\_\_\_\_

### 15) IF PATIENT WAS HOSPITALIZED

(that is, if answered "Hospitalized" to #13 or "Yes" to #14):

Hospital name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of first admission: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_  
month      day

Date of last discharge: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_  
month      day

### 15a) TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER HOSPITAL?

Yes      No      Unknown

### 15b) If Yes, TRANSFER HOSPITAL NAME:

### 15c) HOW WAS THE INFORMATION (from #13,14, or 15) DETERMINED?

Patient / relative contacted

Physician contacted or chart review / medical records review

Did not follow up

County provided information

### 18) DID THE PATIENT TRAVEL OUTSIDE THE U.S. WITHIN THE LAST 15 DAYS?

Yes (go to 17a)      No      Unknown

### 18a)

Date of departure from the U.S. : \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_  
month      day

Date of return to the U.S. : \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_  
month      day

### 19) WAS CASE FOUND DURING AN AUDIT?

Yes      No      Unknown

### 21) IF AVAILABLE, PLEASE INDICATE:

Date of illness onset: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_      Not Available  
month      day

Date of diarrhea onset: \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_      Not Available  
month      day

### 23) IS CASE REPORT COMPLETE?      Yes      No

### 23a) If Yes, DATE CASE REPORT COMPLETED:

\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / 200\_\_  
month      day

### 23b) INITIALS OF PERSON COMPLETING CASE REPORT: \_\_\_\_\_

Comments \_\_\_\_\_

## Appendix IV: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Variable Definitions

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The variables listed are from the Case Report Form, which is a hard copy based on the Public Health Laboratory Information System (PHLIS) Foodborne Illness Module. Numbered variables on the Case Report Form are included in the PHLIS Foodborne Illness Module. Unnumbered variables are provided at site request to help track patients and specimens.

PHLIS ID Number: During data entry, the PHLIS program automatically assigns the id number. The first eight digits correspond to the site ID, [SITE\_ID], the next 9 digits are the patient ID, [PAT\_ID] and the next three are the specimen ID. The specimen ID distinguishes between multiple specimens for a case, i.e. from different sources or different days. The last 2 digits are the aliquot ID which is used when a single specimen is split for multiple tests. PHLIS will permit multiple specimens per patient through the structure of its relational database. Information on the algorithm to be used with multiple samples per patient is provided in the Case Ascertainment Instructions.

Local Case ID: [LOCAL\_ID] Case medical record number

[SNAPDATE]: Date PHLIS data was uploaded to Foodnet for each site

Patient name, address, and phone number: Personal identifiers will be entered into the database but will be encrypted during data transmission to the CDC. City, [CITY] State, [STATE] and ZIP code [ZIPCODE] will be transferred to CDC unencrypted. Data at lower sites, such as Grady Hospital in Atlanta or the Oakland Office in California, will be unencrypted when received in the higher site.

County [COUNTY]: This records the patient's county of residence. This will be used to determine whether or not the individual resides within the catchment area and therefore whether the individual will be included in the data.

*Protocol for homeless cases: Enter 'homeless' in the address field, '99999' as the zipcode, leave the city field blank, and enter the appropriate county from where the case was reported.*

Sex [SEX]: Male, Female, or Unknown

Date of Birth [DOB]: Month/Day/Year

Race [RACE]: If known (white, black, American Indian/Native Alaskan, Asian/Pacific Islander) or unknown.

Race-additional census categories: This is a new question for 2002 to capture more specific data on race. The pick list includes **Asian, Pacific Islander/Native Hawaiian, Multi-racial, and Other**. These additional choices have been added as part of FoodNet to all isolate modules for compliance with the new census categories. This question will be skipped if the answer to "Race" is White, Black, American Indian/Native Alaskan, or Unknown. Otherwise you will be prompted to fill in this variable.

Ethnicity [ETHNICITY]: If known (Hispanic, Non-Hispanic, unknown)

Specimen date [SPECDATE]: Month/Day/Year of specimen collection. If this information is unavailable, please provide "Date received in laboratory" in the appropriate field [DT\_RCVD].

Age/Age in months [AGE\_YR, AGE\_MNTH, AGE\_DAYS]: PHLIS will calculate this information, given the "Date of Birth" and the "Specimen date". This age is in years. If the patient is less than one year old, age in months is used. If the patient is less than 1 month old, age in days is used.

Submitting Lab/Phone: This list of hospital and reference labs will be in picklist format in the module. **The module does not have the picklist installed for each site.** The picklist is created by the user during data entry. In the PHLIS module, at the variable "Submitting lab", hit the insert key to add to the picklist and type the name of the hospital or reference lab. The phone number will not be entered into PHLIS. [SUBLAMNM]

Submitting Physician/Phone/ Address: This information is not transmitted to the CDC but was requested by the sites in order to follow up isolates sent to reference labs.

Source of Specimen [SPECsrce]: Site from which specimen was collected, including stool, urine, blood, CSF, or other sterile site such as bones or joints.



## Appendix IV: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Variable Definitions

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- Isolated Bacteria and Confirmed Parasites [ISOLATE]: The list of bacteria includes *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, *Campylobacter*, *E. coli* (STEC), *Vibrio*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, and *Yersinia enterocolitica*. The list of parasites include *Cryptosporidium* and *Cyclospora*.
- Once the bacteria is selected, a second picklist of serotype, if known, is provided for: [SEROTYPE]
- *Shigella*: [SHIGSERO]
- *Campylobacter*: [CAMPSPEC]
- *Yersinia*
- *Vibrio*: [VIBROSPC]
- *Listeria*: [LISTSERO]
- Additional variables on *Salmonella* serogroup and serotype are also provided: [SAL\_GRP, SAL\_SERO]
- If the bacterial pathogen is *E. coli* (STEC) or *Listeria*, additional information is requested:

### E.coli / STEC

Biochemically identified as *E. coli*? [BIOID] Yes, No, Unsure/not tested, Unknown  
 O157positive? [O157POS] Yes, No, Unsure/not tested, Unknown  
 O antigen number [OANTIGNO] ###  
 H7 Antigen Positive?: [HANTPOS] If final identification is *E. coli* O157, was it H 7 antigen positive? Yes, No, Unsure/not tested  
 H Antigen Number [ECOLANT]: If H antigen positive, provide H antigen number ##.  
 Isolate non-motile? [NONMOTIL] Yes, No, Unsure/not tested  
 Shiga toxin Positive: [SHIGTPOS] If *E. coli* is Nonmotile, was it Shiga-like toxin producing? Yes, No, Unsure/Not tested

### Listeria

Pregnant? [PREGNANT] Yes, No, Unknown  
 Outcome of Fetus? [FOUTCOME] Abortion/stillbirth, Induced abortion, Live birth/neonatal death, Survived-clinical infection, survived -no apparent illness, unknown

Specimen ID number (accession #): This information is **not transmitted** to the CDC but was requested by the sites to track specimens by the accession number from the lab sample.

Date received in laboratory: This information is required only if the Specimen Collection Date is unavailable. Month, Day, and Year the specimen was received in the laboratory. [DT\_RCVD]

\* Patient Status at time of specimen collection [PSTATCOL]: Was the patient an inpatient, an outpatient, or unknown. An ER collection is counted as an outpatient. For ER discharges with no follow-up, 'subsequent hospitalization' and 'outcome' will be coded as 'unknown'.

If outpatient, was patient subsequently hospitalized [OPATHOSP]: Outpatients who are hospitalized within 7 days of specimen collection, should be counted as 'yes'. If we cannot find out if case was subsequently hospitalized, make no assumptions and enter 'unknown'.

If hospitalized, please provide the following information:

Hospital name [HOSPNAME], Date of admission [HDTOFADM], Date of discharge [HDTOFDIS], if transferred to another hospital [XFR2OHOS], and the name of the hospital to which the patient was transferred [XFRHOSNM]. Patient ID number is the medical record number or chart number of the hospitalized patient. This variable is not included in the PHLIS module because it is a patient identifier. It is included on the Case Report Form in order to follow up the hospitalized patients. A picklist can be created for the "Hospital name" in the same way as for "Submitting lab".

How was the information determined? [HINFODET]: How information from questions 13, 14, or 15 were determined. Choices are patient or relative contacted, physician contacted or chart review/medical records review, did not follow up, or county provided information

## **Appendix IV: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Variable Definitions**

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Outcome [OUTCOME]: Alive, Dead, Unknown. If outpatient, death within 7 days of culture confirmation date, if hospitalized, follow-up until patient is discharged or dies. If hospitalization is <7 days, data from hospital discharge will still be used for 'outcome'.

How was the information determined? [OINFODET]: How information from question 16 was determined. Choices are patient or relative contacted, physician contacted or chart review/medical records review, did not follow up, or county provided information

Did the state receive the isolate?: [STLABRIS] Did the hospital or reference lab forward the isolate, yes, no, or unknown?

\* If yes, isolate number: [SLABSID] Each state lab should assign a unique isolate ID number. This isolate ID number will be used to link isolates forwarded to CDC by state health departments for anti-microbial testing.

Case found during an audit? Yes, no, or unknown

Case in case-control study? [CASE\_IN] Yes, no, or unknown (Only for cases of pathogens for which we are conducting an ongoing case control study.)

If no, reason case is not enrolled in case control study [REASON]: Only for cases of pathogens for which we are conducting an ongoing case control study. If surveillance case was not enrolled as a case in the case control study, reason why excluded. Choices may vary by study, but will usually include: not reachable after 15 calls, do not have home phone, non English speaker, unable to answer questions, did not have diarrhea, no onset of diarrhea, diarrhea onset > 10 days before collection, outbreak associated, unable to interview within 21 days of collection, refused, not in catchment area, immunocompromised, not selected in random sample, chronic carrier, family member with positive culture/bloody diarrhea, unable to contact patient, outside of study time period, no control was found, or other reason.

Is case report complete? [CASRPTC] Yes, no, or unknown: CDC can track the number of completed forms with this variable. A case report form will be complete if all known variables are provided.

\* Complete, Date, Initials [CASRPTCD, CASRPTCI]: When the case report form is complete, the person completing the form should initial and date the form. No may be entered in the PHLIS module, but this information will be updated to yes once the form is complete or all information available is collected

\* Must enter data into PHLIS module

## Appendix V: Documentation of FoodNet Variables

Updated:2/21/05

**Note:** For all variables, with the exception of International Travel Related, US Departure Date, US Return Date, **ALL SITES** should be transmitting variables using their PHLIS variable name, PHLIS variable type and PHLIS variable length. "FoodNet" variables will be created at CDC after data has been run through the FoodNet Application.

PHLIS Variable's Name	PHLIS Variable's Data Type	PHLIS Variable's Data Length	FoodNet Variable's Name	FoodNet Variable's Data Type	Variable Description	Potential Answers	Notes
NOT IN PHLIS	N/A	8	age_days	Numeric	Age of patient in days if patient is less than 1 month old		
AGE_MO	Character	2	age_mnth	Numeric	Age of patient in months if patient is less than 1 year old		
AGE_YRS	Character	3	age_yr	Numeric	Age of patient in years		
ALIQOT_ID	Character	2	aliq_id	Character	Aliquot id generated by PHLIS		
RES1X1R	Character	10	bioid	Character	If STEC, was isolate biochemically identified as <i>E.coli</i>	No, Not Tested, Unknown, Yes	
RES1DDF	Character	15	campspec	Character	<i>Campylobacter</i> species	<i>bubulus, coli, concisus, curvus, doylei, fecalis, fetus, hyointestinalis, jejuni, lari, mucosalis, rectus, showae, sputorum, upsaliensis, venerealis, unknown</i>	
RES1XAP	Character	1	case_in	Character	Was the case in a case-control study?	No, Unknown, Yes	only if case-control study underway
RES1X47	Character	7	casrptc	Character	Is the case report complete?	No, Yes	
RES1X48	Date	DDMMYY8.	casrptcd	Date	Date case report form was completed		
RES1X49	Character	3	casrptci	Character	Initials of person completing case report form		
CITY	Character	15	city	Character	City of residence		
COUNTY	Character	20	county	Character	County of residence	* see census document	
BIRTHDATE	Date	DDMMYY8.	dob	Date	Date of birth		
RES1X1B	Date	DDMMYY8.	dt_rcvd	Date	Date specimen received in laboratory (only if specimen collection date unavailable)		
RES1X1Q	Character	2	ecolant	Character	If STEC, what is the H antigen number?	1-99	
RES1XI2	Numeric	6	EforsNum	Numeric	CDC EFORS outbreak number	1-999999	Added 1/1/04; enter '999999' if out of state outbreak
ENTRY_DATE	Date	DDMMYY8.	ent_date	Date	Date entered		
ETHNIC	Character	1	ethncity	Character	Ethnicity	H (Hispanic), N (Non-Hispanic), U (Unknown)	
RES1XI1	Character	7	fbo	Character	If case is related to an outbreak, was it a foodborne outbreak?	Yes, No, Unknown	Added 1/1/04

## Appendix V: Documentation of FoodNet Variables

PHLIS Variable's Name	PHLIS Variable's Data Type	PHLIS Variable's Data Length	FoodNet Variable's Name	FoodNet Variable's Data Type	Variable Description	Potential Answers	Notes
RES1XFA	Character	3	foutcome	Character	if <i>Listeria</i> case, what is the outcome of the fetus?	1 (Survived, no apparent illness), 2 (Survived, clinical infection), 3 (Live birth/neonatal death), 4 (abortion/stillbirth), 5 (Induced abortion), 9 (UNK) (Unknown), 7 (ABO) (Abortion, otherwise undetermined), 8 (LIV) (Live birth, otherwise undetermined), 6 (SUR) (Survived, otherwise undetermined)	
FIRST_NAME	Character	12	frstname	Character	Patient's first name, encrypted when arrives at cdc	should be blank or encrypted	
RES1DEA	Character	20	hantpos	Character	If <i>E. coli</i> O157, was it H7 antigen positive?	No, Unsure/Not Tested, Yes	
RES1X3L	Date	DDMMYY8.	hdtoadm	Date	Date of hospital admission		
RES1X3M	Date	DDMMYY8.	hdtofdis	Date	Date of hospital discharge		
RES1XH4	Character	55	hinfdet	Character	How was the hospital information obtained?	County provided information, Did not follow-up, Patient or relative contacted, Physician contacted or chart/medical records/death cert review	
RES1X3J	Character	30	hospname	Character	Hospital name		
(NOT IN PHLIS)	N/A	DDMMYY8.	Imptdate	Date	Date in which site data was fed into the FoodNet application		
RES1XHY	Character	7	IntTravelRelated	Character	Did the case travel internationally? (within 30 days of onset for <i>S. Typhi</i> & <i>Listeria</i> , 15 for <i>Cryptosporidium</i> and <i>Cyclospora</i> , 7 for all other pathogens)	Yes, No, Unknown	Added 1/1/04; Non-PHLIS sites trasmit using FoodNet variable names
DISEASE_D	Character	15	isolate	Character	Name of pathogen isolated	<i>Campylobacter</i> , <i>Cryptosporidium</i> , <i>Cyclospora</i> , <i>E. coli</i> O157, <i>Listeria</i> , <i>Salmonella</i> , <i>Shigella</i> , <i>Vibrio</i> , <i>Yersinia</i> , STEC Non O157, STEC O Ag Undet	
(NOT IN PHLIS)	N/A	60	kwsal_sero	Character	<i>Salmonella</i> Serotype in Kauffman-White Scheme		use this for analysis of <i>Salmonella</i> serotypes
LAB_NUMBER	Character	12	lab_num	Character	Local aliquot ID		
LAST_NAME	Character	25	lastname	Character	Patient's last name, encrypted when arrives at CDC	should be blank or encrypted	
RES1XH9	Character	10	listsero	Character	<i>Listeria</i> serotype	1, 1/2A, 1/2B, 1/2C, 3A, 3B, 3C, 4, 4B, Unknown, Untypeable	
LOCAL_ID	Character	16	local_id	Character	Case medical record number		
(NOT IN PHLIS)	N/A	60	mkwsal_sero	Character	<i>Salmonella</i> serotype in modified Kauffman-White Scheme		
RES1X1N	Character	7	nonmotil	Character	If STEC, was the isolate non-motile?	No, Unknown, Yes	

## Appendix V: Documentation of FoodNet Variables

PHLIS Variable's Name	PHLIS Variable's Data Type	PHLIS Variable's Data Length	FoodNet Variable's Name	FoodNet Variable's Data Type	Variable Description	Potential Answers	Notes
RES1DE9	Character	20	o157pos	Character	If <i>E. coli</i> , was it O157 positive?	No, Unsure/Not Tested, Yes	
RES1X1P	Character	3	oantigno	Numeric	If STEC, what is the O antigen number?	1-999	
RES1XH5	Character	60	oinfodet	Character	How was the outcome information obtained?	County provided information, Did not follow-up, Patient or relative contacted, Physician contacted or chart/medical records/death cert review	
RES1X3I	Character	7	opathosp	Character	If the case was an outpatient, was s/he subsequently hospitalized?	No, Unknown, Yes	
RES1DDH	Character	7	outbreakrelated	Character	Was the case related to an outbreak?	No, Unknown, Yes	Added 1/1/04
RES1WYH	Character	7	outcome	Character	Patient outcome	Alive, Dead, Unknown	
PATIENT_ID	Character	9	Pat_id	Character	Patient id number generated by PHLIS		
RES1XFB	Character	3	pregnant	Numeric	If <i>Listeria</i> case, was she pregnant?	1 (Yes), 2 (No)	
RES1X3H	Character	12	pstatcol	Character	Patient status at time of specimen collection	Hospitalized, Outpatient, Unknown	
NOT IN PHLIS	N/A	1	race	Character	Race	A-Asian, B-Black , I-American Indian or Alaskan Native, M-Multi-Racial, O-Other, P-Pacific Islander or Native Hawaiian, W-White, U-Unknown	combination of SiteRace and SiteAddrace
RES1X4B	Character	2	sal_grp	Character	<i>Salmonella</i> serogroup		
RES1764	Character	60	sal_sero	Character	<i>Salmonella</i> serotype		
NOT IN PHLIS	N/A	24	serotype	Character	Serotype of bacteria isolated	see salsero, shigsero, campspec, vibrospc, yerspec	
GENDER	Character	1	sex	Character	Sex	M-Male, F-Female, U-Unknown	
RES1DDW	Character	60	shigsero	Character	<i>Shigella</i> species	<i>boydii</i> , <i>dysenteriae</i> , <i>flexneri</i> , <i>sonnei</i> , <i>unknown</i>	
RES1X1O	Character	10	shigtpos	Character	If STEC, was it shiga-toxin producing?	No, Not Tested, Unknown, Yes	
SITE_ID	Character	10	site_id	Character	Site id number generated by PHLIS automatically (location/number of computer where data was entered)		
RES1XHX	Character	1	SiteAddrace	Character	Additional race category submitted by site	A-Asian, M-Multi-Racial, O-Other, P-Pacific Islander or Native Hawaiian	Initially was only an option if Asian was chosen for <b>race</b> , then as of 9/1/03 it was an option for any <b>race</b> values
RACE	Character	1	SiteRace	Character	Race	A-Asian, B-Black , I-American Indian or Alaskan Native, W-White, U-Unknown	
(NOT IN PHLIS)	N/A	60	sitesal_sero	Character	Original <i>Salmonella</i> serotype submitted by site		

## Appendix V: Documentation of FoodNet Variables

PHLIS Variable's Name	PHLIS Variable's Data Type	PHLIS Variable's Data Length	FoodNet Variable's Name	FoodNet Variable's Data Type	Variable Description	Potential Answers	Notes
RES1X3R	Character	30	slabsid	Character	State lab id number	see FN/NARMS linking table for correct format (should be unique for each case)	
NOT IN PHLIS	N/A	DDMMYY8.	snapdate	Date	Date site data was fed into the FoodNet application	mm/dd/yyyy	
SPEC_ID	Character	3	spec_id	Character	Specimen id number generated by PHLIS		
DATE_TAKEN	Date	DDMMYY8.	specdate	Date	Specimen collection date		if blank, populated with 1. Date received 2. Entry date
SOURCE	Character	60	specsree	Character	Site from which specimen was collected	Abscess, Blood, CSF, Other, Stool, Unknown, Urine	Urine only since 1999
STATE	Character	2	state	Character	State	CA, CO, CT, GA, MD, MN, NM, NY, OR, TN	
NOT IN PHLIS	N/A	15	stec	Character	STEC classification	O157, NonO157, O Ag Undet	
RES1XAD (sites not using PHLIS)	Character	7	stlabris	Character	Did the hospital or reference lab forward the isolate to the state public health lab?	No, Unknown, Yes	
RES1X3Q (sites using PHLIS)	Character	7	stlabris	Character	Did the hospital or reference lab forward the isolate to the state public health lab?	No, Unknown, Yes	
LAB_NAME	Character	25	sublabnm	Character	Name of submitting laboratory		
RES1XGI1	Memo	350	Total of Five Fields: UNDILL1-UNDILL5	Memo	Underlying causes or associated illness	AIDS, Alcohol Abuse, Artherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease (ASCVD/CAD), Asthma, Blunt Trauma, Burns, Cirrhosis, CSF Leak (2 trauma/surgery), Diabetes Mellitus, Emphysema/COPD, Heart Failure/CHF, HIV Infection, Hodgkin's Disease, Immunoglobulin Deficiency, Immunosuppressice Therapy (steriods, chemotherapy, radiation), IVDU, Leukemia, Multiple Myeloma, Nephrotic Syndrome, Organ Transplant, Other Illness, Other Malignancy, Penetrating Trauma, Renal Failure/Dialysis, Sickle Cell Anemia, Splenectomy/asplenia, Surgical Wound (post operative), Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE), Unknown, Varicella	

## Appendix V: Documentation of FoodNet Variables

PHLIS Variable's Name	PHLIS Variable's Data Type	PHLIS Variable's Data Length	FoodNet Variable's Name	FoodNet Variable's Data Type	Variable Description	Potential Answers	Notes
RES1XAQ	Character	2	Total of Two Variables: REASON1- REASON2	Character	Reason case not in case-control study	01 [Non-English/non-Spanish speaker], 10 [No surrogate available], 11 [Unable to answer questions], 12 [Physician did not allow patient contact/physician refused], 02 [Case refused], 03 [Case not reachable after 15 calls], 04 [Do not have home phone], 05 [Outbreak associated], 06 [Unable to interview within 30 days of collection due to laboratory issues], 07 [Unable to interview within 30 days of collection due to county health], 08 [Unable to interview within 30 days of collection due to other], 09 [Not in catchment area]	
RES1XHZ	Date	DDMMYY8.	USDeparDate	Date	If case traveled internationally, date of departure from the U.S.		Added 1/1/04; Non-PHLIS sites transmit using FoodNet variable names
RES1XI0	Date	DDMMYY8.	USReturDate	Date	If case traveled internationally, date of return to the U.S.		Added 1/1/04; Non-PHLIS sites transmit using FoodNet variable names
RES1X7P	Character	24	vibrospc	Character	<i>Vibrio</i> species	<i>alginolyticus</i> , <i>cholerae</i> , <i>cincinnatiensis</i> , <i>damsela</i> , <i>fluvialis</i> , <i>furnissii</i> , <i>harveyi</i> , <i>hollisae</i> , <i>metschnikovi</i> , <i>mimicus</i> , <i>parahaemolyticus</i> , <i>vulnificus</i> , unknown	
RES1X3N	Character	7	xfr2ohos	Character	If case was hospitalized, was s/he transferred to another hospital?	No, Unknown, Yes	
RES1X3O	Character	30	xfrhosnm	Character	Name of transfer hospital		
RES1XFC	Character	24	yersspec	Character	<i>Yersinia</i> species	<i>aldovae</i> , <i>bercovieri</i> , <i>enterocolitica</i> , <i>frederiksenii</i> , <i>intermedia</i> , <i>kristensenii</i> , <i>mollaretii</i> , <i>pestis</i> , <i>pseudotuberculosis</i> , <i>rohdei</i> , <i>ruckeri</i>	
ZIP	Character	9	zipcode	Character	Zipcode of residence		

## Appendix VI: FoodNet/NARMS Performance Standards, 2005

### Active and HUS Surveillance

1. Case follow-up
  - a. Percent of cases with “unknown” hospitalization (hospitalization within 7 days of culture collection date)  
**Target:  $\leq 15\%$  unknown**
  - b. Percent of **outpatient/ER cases** with “unknown” outcome (If outpatient, death within 7 days of culture collection date; if hospitalized, follow-up until patient is discharged or dies)  
**Note: See attached sheet for additional information.**  
**Target  $\leq 50\%$  unknown**
  - c. Percent of **hospitalized cases** with “unknown” outcome  
**Target  $\leq 5\%$  unknown**
  - d. Percent of *Salmonella* and *E. coli* O157 cases who were interviewed for **international travel** information  
**Target: Interview  $\geq 85\%$  of all\* *Salmonella* cases ascertained in surveillance**  
**Target: Interview  $\geq 85\%$  of all *E. coli* O157 cases ascertained in surveillance**  
\*Excluding GA which should interview  $\geq 25\%$  of all *Salmonella* ascertained in surveillance
  - e. Percent of cases with information on whether they were **outbreak-associated**  
**Target: Report 100% of CDC EFORS numbers entered, if case is associated with a foodborne disease outbreak**
2. Timeliness - median days from culture collection to data entry in PHGIS/state system  
**Target:  $\leq 15$  days from culture collection to data entry**
3. HUS surveillance - measure of participation  
**Target: Report to CDC at least once per month**

### Case Report Forms

4. Completion of additional *Vibrio* Case Report Form  
**Target: 100% of *Vibrio* reported through FoodNet surveillance will be reported to FDDB on appropriate surveillance form in timely fashion. (“timely fashion” still to be determined)**
5. Completion of additional *Salmonella* Typhi Case Report Form  
**Target: 100% of *Vibrio* reported through FoodNet surveillance will be reported to FDDB on appropriate surveillance form in timely fashion. (“timely fashion” still to be determined)**



## Appendix VI: FoodNet/NARMS Performance Standards, 2005

### Outbreak Surveillance

6. Timeliness of outbreak reporting

**Target:  $\geq 80\%$  of initial EFORS reports entered within 2 months of first onset**

7. Completeness of data

- a. The number of laboratory-confirmed cases (variable 'labcases') should be completed for all outbreaks (Note: if there are no laboratory-confirmed cases, "0" should be entered in the field).

**Target:  $\geq 95\%$  of EFORS reports should have completed information for number of laboratory-confirmed cases**

- b. The total of the five age groups should equal  $\geq 95\%$

**Target:  $\geq 85\%$  of EFORS reports should have age group information completed**

- c. The total of the genders should equal 100%

**Target:  $\geq 85\%$  of EFORS reports should have gender information completed**

- d. The number of hospitalized cases (variable 'hospnum') should be completed for all outbreaks (Note: if there are no hospitalized cases, "0" should be entered in the field).

**Target:  $\geq 85\%$  of EFORS reports should have completed information for number of hospitalized cases**

- e. The number of deaths (variable 'deathnum') should be completed for all outbreaks (Note: if there are no deaths, "0" should be entered in the field).

**Target:  $\geq 85\%$  of EFORS reports should have completed information for number of deaths**

### Laboratory

8. NARMS isolate submission - percent of cases which should have had an isolate submitted, that did have an isolate submitted (Note: 2 month lag time allowed)

**Target: Every 20<sup>th</sup> non-Typhi *Salmonella* in surveillance**

**Every 20<sup>th</sup> *E. coli* O157 in surveillance**

**Every 20<sup>th</sup> *Shigella* in surveillance**

**All *Salmonella* Typhi in surveillance**

**All *Listeria monocytogenes* in surveillance**

**All non-cholera *Vibrio* in surveillance**

**1 *Campylobacter* isolate per week**

## Appendix VI: FoodNet/NARMS Performance Standards, 2005

9. PFGE testing - percent of cases which should have had a PFGE pattern submitted, that did have a PFGE pattern submitted

**Target: All *E. coli* O157, *Salmonella* Typhimurium, and *Listeria monocytogenes* in surveillance**

**FoodNet will add a timeliness factor to this standard once a method for measuring it is established.**

10. Isolates received at state laboratory from clinical labs

a. **Target:  $\geq 85\%$  *E. coli* O157 in surveillance**

**Target:  $\geq 85\%$  *Salmonella* in surveillance**

**Target:  $\geq 95\%$  *Listeria monocytogenes* in surveillance**

**Target:  $\geq 90\%$  *Vibrio* in surveillance**

b. **Target  $\geq 95\%$  of bacterial isolates (except *Campylobacter* and *E. coli* O157) will have serotype/species information entered into the FoodNet system**

11. **Target of capturing *Listeria* serotype information in FoodNet database in timely fashion so as to be useful for sites (e.g., in identifying clusters). “Timely fashion” still to be determined.**

12. Completion of ‘State Lab ID’ variable in FoodNet surveillance for isolates submitted to NARMS and PulseNet

**Target: 100% completion of ‘State Lab ID’ variable for isolates submitted to NARMS and PulseNet.**

### Case-control studies

13. Percent of cases eligible for case-control studies which were enrolled

**Target:  $\geq 50\%$  enrollment of eligible cases in surveillance**

(“eligible” as defined in methods for each study)

### Leadership

14. Participation

a. Percent of Steering Committee conference call with site representative

**Target: Representatives from each site should attend 100% of calls**

15. Number of 1<sup>st</sup> authored abstracts submitted yearly to national meetings

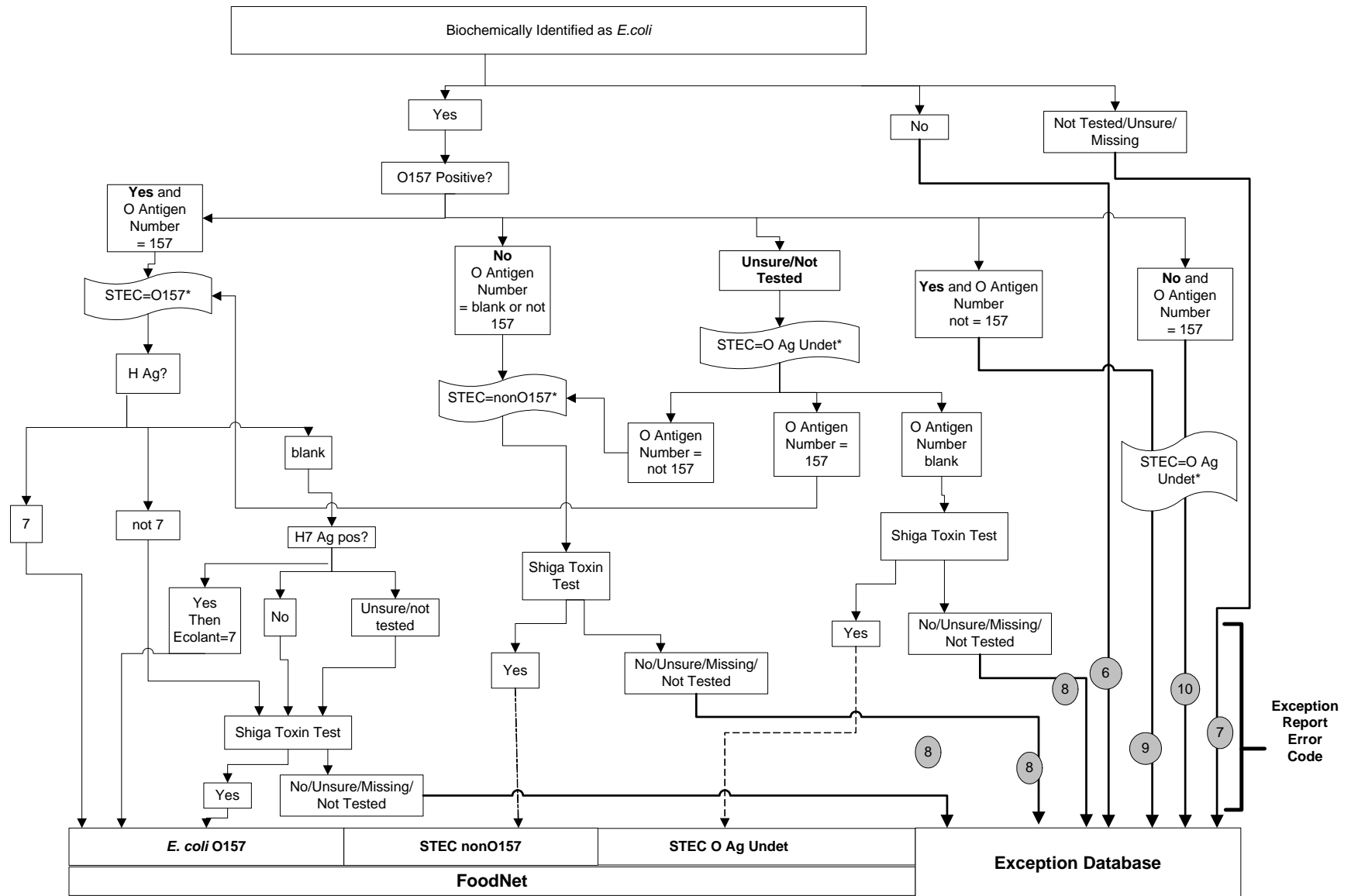
**Target: Each site should submit  $\geq 1$  FoodNet abstract (site-specific or aggregated data) per year to a national meeting**

## **Appendix VI: FoodNet/NARMS Performance Standards, 2005**

### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR PERFORMANCE STANDARD #1**

- 1. Hospitalization for any reason during the 7 day window will be recorded as a 'yes'. (Note: if a >7 day window is used, CDC FoodNet can subset data to include only those with 7 day window).**
- 2. If hospitalization is <7 days, data from hospital discharge will still be used for 'outcome'.**
- 3. ER visits are considered 'outpatient'. For ER discharges with no follow-up, 'subsequent hospitalization' and 'outcome' will be coded as 'unknown'.**
- 4. ER chart requests that are not fulfilled will be coded as 'unknown'.**
- 5. FoodNet Case Report Form will be modified to reflect changes.**

## Appendix VII: FoodNet Criteria for Classification of Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* (STEC)



## Appendix VIII: *Listeria* Case Form

Draft 2/21/2005

Completed by \_\_\_\_\_

Date completed \_\_\_\_\_

*Please obtain information from children  $\geq$  one month of age and adults. In the event of a fetal or neonatal (<1 month of age) infection the mother is considered the case-patient and the mother's food consumption history should be collected.*

### CASE INFORMATION

Patient's name: \_\_\_\_\_

Patient's address: \_\_\_\_\_

(Street Address) \_\_\_\_\_ (City) \_\_\_\_\_ (State) \_\_\_\_\_ (Zip) \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone numbers: (h) ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ (w) ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ (mobile) ( ) \_\_\_\_\_

DOB (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Ethnicity: (check all that apply)

- ☐ Hispanic/Latino  
☐ Non Hispanic/Latino  
☐ Unknown

Race: (check all that apply)

- ☐ American Indian/Alaska Native ☐ African American/Black  
☐ Asian ☐ White  
☐ Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander ☐ Unknown

----- Please detach at perforation to remove personal identifiers -----

Age: \_\_\_\_ years \_\_\_\_ months

Sex: ☐ M ☐ F ☐ Unknown

State of residence: \_\_\_\_\_

PulseNet Pattern Numbers: AscI: \_GX6A16. \_\_\_\_\_

State (laboratory) ID No \_\_\_\_\_

Apal: \_GX6A12. \_\_\_\_\_

State Outbreak ID No \_\_\_\_\_

Other enzyme: \_\_\_\_\_

CDC ID No \_\_\_\_\_

Serotype \_\_\_\_\_

CDC Outbreak (EFORS) ID No \_\_\_\_\_

Ribotype \_\_\_\_\_

### PREGNANCY ASSOCIATED CASES AND NEONATAL INFECTIONS (<1 MONTH OF AGE)

PREGNANCY ASSOCIATED CASE? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown.

*If NO, skip to 'CASES NOT ASSOCIATED WITH PREGNANCY'.*

**If yes,**

Did the mother have culture-confirmed listeriosis during pregnancy? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

What type of infection did the pregnant woman have?

- ☐ Bacteremia/Sepsis ☐ Meningitis ☐ Febrile gastroenteritis  
☐ Amnionitis ☐ No symptoms ☐ Unknown ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Type of specimen collected on woman: ☐ Blood ☐ Stool ☐ CSF ☐ None ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Date specimen collected (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

What was the outcome of the pregnancy? ☐ Still pregnant ☐ Miscarriage ☐ Stillbirth ☐ Preterm delivery (live birth)  
☐ Term delivery (live birth) ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Was the mother hospitalized for her listeriosis illness ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

**If yes,** Date of admission (mm/dd/yyyy) \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Date of discharge (mm/dd/yyyy) \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Name of Hospital: \_\_\_\_\_

What was the mother's outcome? ☐ Survived ☐ Died ☐ Unknown

### FETAL AND NEONATAL (<1 MONTH OF AGE) INFECTIONS

Did the fetus or neonate have culture-confirmed listeriosis? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

**If yes,**

What type of infection did the child have? ☐ Meningitis ☐ Bacteremia/Sepsis ☐ Granulomatosis infantisepticum  
☐ Unknown ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Type of specimen collected on child: ☐ Blood ☐ CSF ☐ Placenta ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Date specimen collected (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Child's DOB (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Child's Outcome: ☐ Survived ☐ Died ☐ Unknown

### CASES NOT ASSOCIATED WITH PREGNANCY

Type of specimen collected: ☐ Blood ☐ Stool ☐ CSF ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Date specimen collected (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Type of infection: ☐ Bacteremia/Sepsis ☐ Meningitis ☐ Febrile gastroenteritis  
☐ Unknown ☐ Other, specify \_\_\_\_\_

Was patient hospitalized? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

**If yes,** Date of admission (mm/dd/yyyy) \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Date of discharge (mm/dd/yyyy) \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Name of Hospital: \_\_\_\_\_

Case-patient's Outcome: ☐ Survived ☐ Died ☐ Unknown

## Appendix IX: *Salmonella* serotyping

### Salmonella serotyping

Patricia Fields PhD  
National *Salmonella* Reference Lab  
Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch  
CDC  
September 12, 2003

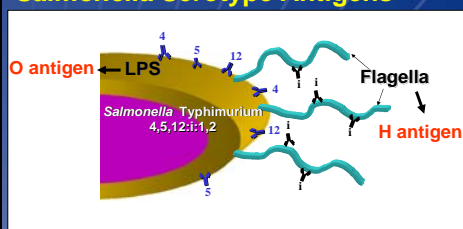
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### What is serotyping?

- ◆ The “first-generation” subtyping method
- ◆ Phenotypic characterization of strains based on the immunologic reactivity of two surface structures:
  - Lipopolysaccharide (O antigen)
  - Flagellin protein (H antigen)
- ◆ In *Salmonella*, includes species and subspecies identification
  - Isolates of different subspecies can have the same O and H antigens

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### Schematic Representation of *Salmonella* Serotype Antigens



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### Salmonella taxonomy

- ◆ Two species of *Salmonella*
  - *Salmonella enterica*
  - *Salmonella bongori* (formerly subspecies V)
- ◆ *Salmonella enterica* is further divided into 7 subspecies
  - Designated by roman numerals
  - 99% of human isolates are subspecies I
  - Subspecies II, IIIa, IIIb, IV, VI
    - Subspecies IIIa and IIIb used to be genus *Arizona*
  - Subspecies VII recognized but not used for the purpose of serotype designation
- ◆ Species/subspecies typically determined by biochemical testing

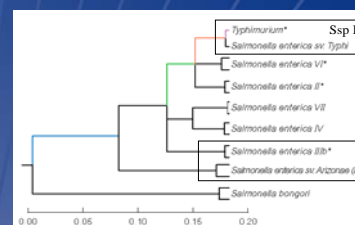
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### Salmonella enterica subspecies

I	<i>enterica</i>
II	<i>salmonae</i>
IIIa	<i>arizonae</i>
IIIb	<i>diarizonae</i>
IV	<i>houtenae</i>
VI	<i>indica</i>

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### Differentiating *Salmonella* subspecies

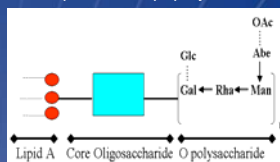


\*Whittam and Bumbaugh, Curr Opin Gen Dev 12:719-725 (2002)

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### Salmonella O antigen

- ◆ Outermost portion of lipopolysaccharide (LPS)



- ◆ Carbohydrate antigen
- ◆ Different sugars and different linkages between sugars produce the different antigens

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### Salmonella O Antigens

- ◆ “O Group” antigens are the most important for determining serotype
- ◆ 46 O serogroups (encoded by the *rfb* region)
  - O groups initially designated by capital letters
  - Ran out of letters ... started using numbers
  - Now, all O Groups are designated by numbers
  - Letter designations still commonly used

O Group (number designation)	O Group (letter designation)
4	B
7	C1
8	C2
9	D1
3,10	E1
13	G

These O groups represent about 97% of human isolates

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## Appendix IX: *Salmonella* serotyping

### *Salmonella* O Antigens (cont)

- ♦ 11 additional O antigens that are not encoded by the *rfb* region
  - Found in specific O groups
- ♦ Most can be variable within a given serotype, so are less important for serotype determination
- ♦ Typically encoded by extra-chromosomal elements
  - One encoded on a plasmid
  - Several encoded by bacteriophages
    - Others likely to be encoded by bacteriophages, too

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### *Salmonella* H antigen

- ♦ Flagellin, the flagellar filament
  - A protein antigen
  - Variation in the middle surface-exposed portion of the protein
- ♦ *Salmonella* is unique in having 2 different H antigens:
  - Phase 1
  - Phase 2
- ♦ The 2 flagellin genes are coordinately expressed—one is off when other is on
- ♦ Some serotypes are “monophasic”—have only one flagellar antigen



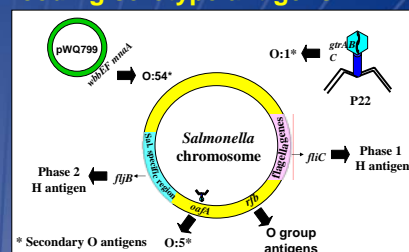
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### *Salmonella* H Antigens

- ♦ 119 H antigens (Phase 1 & Phase 2)
  - Typically designated by lower case letters
    - 1,2; 1,5; 1,7; *et al* are the notable exceptions
  - Ran out of letters ... started using numbered z's
    - Z<sub>4</sub>, Z<sub>6</sub>, Z<sub>10</sub>, Z<sub>15</sub>, ... Z<sub>89</sub>
    - Typically, no antigenic relationships between “z” antigens
- ♦ Some H antigens are antigenically related
  - Related antigens referred to as “complexes”
  - Typically, have one antigen in common plus secondary antigens
  - 1 complex, G complex, E complex, EN complex, Z<sub>4</sub> complex

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### Genomic location of genes encoding serotype antigens



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### Subspecies II – VI serotypes are designated by a formula

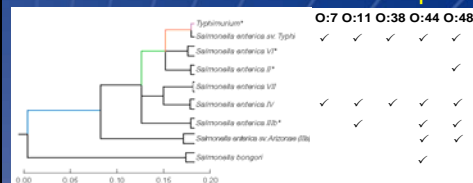
“Group O:48” or “Group Y”

IV 48 : g,z51 : -\*  
Subspecies O Phase 1 “monophasic” antigen

\* *Salmonella* IV 48:g,z51:- was formerly known as *S. Marina*.

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### Distribution of *Salmonella* O Groups



- ♦ Subspecies determination is critical for serotype identification, particularly for “higher” O groups

\* Dendrogram taken from Whittam and Bumbaugh, Curr Opin Gen Dev 12:719-725 (2002)

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### Designation of *Salmonella* Serotypes

- ♦ Designated according to the conventions of the Kauffmann-White Scheme
  - Established 1929
  - 44 serotypes in 1934
  - 2,523 serotypes in 2001
- ♦ Kauffmann-White Scheme maintained by Institut Pasteur
  - Popoff, MY, 2001. Antigenic Formulas of the *Salmonella* Serovars, 8th edition. WHO Collaborating Centre for Reference and Research on *Salmonella*, Pasteur Institute, Paris, France.
    - Published every five years
    - Updated annually

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### Subspecies I serotypes are designated by a name or a formula

*S. Typhimurium*

“Group O:4” or “Group B”

I 1, 4, [5], 12 : i : 1,2

Subspecies O antigen Phase 1 Phase 2 H antigens

I 4,5,12 : i : 1,2  
I 1,4,5,12 : i : 1,2  
I 4,12 : i : 1,2  
I 1,4,12 : i : 1,2 } *S. Typhimurium* var. O 5<sup>-</sup> or var. Copenhagen

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## Appendix IX: *Salmonella* serotyping

### Examples of Serotype Designations

- ◆ *Salmonella enterica* subspecies *enterica*  
serotype Typhimurium  
*Salmonella enterica* serotype Typhimurium  
*Salmonella* ser. Typhimurium  
S. ser. Typhimurium } ★ "CDC preferred" designation
- ◆ *Salmonella* ser. Typhi
- ◆ *Salmonella enterica* subspecies *houtenae*  
serotype 48:g,z51:-  
*Salmonella enterica* serotype IV 48:g,z51:-  
*Salmonella* IV 48:g,z51:-  
S. IV 48:g,z51:- } ★ "CDC preferred" designation



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### Serotype Variants: Unable to detect one or both H antigens

- ◆ Monophasic variants
  - *Salmonella* I 4,5,12:i:-
  - *Salmonella* I 4,12:i:-
  - *Salmonella* I 4,[5],12:i:-
  - *Salmonella* I Group B:i:-
  - *Salmonella* I Group O:4:i:-
  - *Salmonella* I 4,5,12:-:1,2 } "Salmonella Group B i monophasic"
- ◆ Nonmotile variants
  - *Salmonella* I 4,5,12:-: (or I 4,5,12:nonmotile)
- ◆ Other serotypes also produce monophasic variants!



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### Serotype Variants: Unable to detect O antigen

- ◆ Rough strains (no longer express O antigen)
  - *Salmonella* I O rough:i:1,2
- ◆ Mucoid strains (capsule blocks O antigen detection)
  - *Salmonella* I O mucoid:i:1,2



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## Appendix X: Overview of *Salmonella* Serotype Designation

### 1) *Salmonella* Taxonomy<sup>1</sup>

The **genus** *Salmonella* divided into two species, *Salmonella enterica* and *Salmonella bongori*.

*Salmonella enterica* is further subdivided into 6 subspecies that are designated by names or Roman numerals. The Roman numerals are simpler and more commonly used.

Subspecies IIIa and IIIb were historically considered a separate genus, *Arizonae*, and are still sometimes referred to by this name.

<i>Salmonella enterica</i> subspecies	
I	<i>enterica</i>
II	<i>salamae</i>
IIIa	<i>arizonae</i>
IIIb	<i>diarizonae</i>
IV	<i>houtenae</i>
VI	<i>indica</i>

*Salmonella bongori* was originally designated *S. enterica* **subspecies V**. It has since been determined to be a separate species of *Salmonella*. However, for simplicity and convenience, these strains are commonly referred to as “subspecies V” for the purpose of serotype designation.

### 2) *Salmonella* Serotype Antigens

*Salmonella* serotype is based on the immunoreactivity of two surface structures, **O antigen** and **H antigen**.

**O antigen** is a carbohydrate antigen (also called a polysaccharide) that is the outermost component of LPS (lipopolysaccharide). It is a polymer of **O subunits**; each O subunit is typically composed of four to six sugars depending on the O antigen. Variation in O antigen results from variation in the sugar components of the O subunit, from variation in the nature of the covalent bond between the sugars of the subunit, and from variation in the nature of the linkage between the O subunits that form the O antigen polymer.

O antigens are designated by numbers and are divided into **O serogroups** or **O groups**. O groups are designated by the primary **O factor(s)** that are associated with the group. Many of the common O groups were originally designated by letter and are still commonly referred to by letter (e.g., *S. Typhimurium* belongs to Group O:4 or Group B, *S. Enteritidis* belongs to group O:9 or Group D1; *S. Paratyphi A* belongs to Group O:2 or Group A).

**Additional O factors** are associated with some O groups and are often variably present or variably expressed. Table 1 lists the O groups and the additional O antigens that may be present in serotypes of that group. When multiple O factors are present, they are listed sequentially and separated by commas.

**H antigen** is a protein antigen called flagellin; multiple flagellin subunits make up the filament component of the flagella. The ends of flagellin are conserved and give the flagella its characteristic filament structure. The antigenically variable portion of flagellin is the middle region, which is surface-exposed. *Salmonella* is unique among the enteric bacteria in that it can express two different flagellin antigens. Typically, this is coordinated so that only one antigen is expressed at time in a single bacterial cell. The two antigens are referred as Phase 1 and Phase 2. “Monophasic” isolates are those that

## Appendix X: Overview of *Salmonella* Serotype Designation

express only a single flagellin type. These occur naturally in some serotypes (e.g., *S. Enteritidis*, *S. Typhi*, most subspecies IIIa and IV serotypes), or can occur through the inactivation of the gene encoding the Phase 1 or Phase 2 antigen.

Table 2 lists the H antigens of *Salmonella*. Some antigens are composed of multiple factors, which are separated by commas; for example, the second phase antigen of *S. Typhimurium* is composed of factors 1 and 2, which is represented as “1,2”. Related antigens are grouped into complexes.

### 3) *Salmonella* Serotype Identification

*Salmonella* serotypes are typically identified in a cascade of tests. First, an isolate is identified and the subspecies is determined, typically by biochemical testing. O antigens and H antigens are detected in independent agglutination assays using antisera that react with groups of related antigens or a single antigen. Both H antigens can sometimes be detected in a single culture, particularly for older strains or for isolates that have been passed multiple times. When only one H antigen is detected, the isolate is inoculated onto the top of a tube of phase reversal media, a semisolid media containing antisera to the H antigen that has already been identified. Organisms expressing the previously detected H antigen are immobilized by the added antisera and grow only at the top of the tube. Organisms expressing the second H antigen are able to move away from the top of tube, evidenced by growth throughout the tube. The second H antigen is then determined using organisms recovered from the bottom of the phase reversal media.

### 4) *Salmonella* Serotype Designation

All *Salmonella* serotypes can be designated by a formula. Additionally, subspecies I serotypes are given a name (e.g., *Typhimurium*, *Enteritidis*, *Typhi*, etc).

The typical format for a serotype formula is:

Subspecies [space] O antigens [colon] Phase 1 H antigen [colon] Phase 2 H antigen

#### Examples:

I 4,5,12:i:1,2 (*S. Typhimurium*)

I 4,12:i:1,2 (*S. Typhimurium*)

I 9,12:g,m:- (*S. Enteritidis*)

II 47:b:1,5 (*S. II 47:b:1,5*)

IV 48:g,z<sub>51</sub>:- (*S. IV 48:g,z<sub>51</sub>:-*)

IIIb 65:(k):z (*S. IIIb 65:(k):z*)

#### Other conventions:

- \* Some O and H factors are variably present. This is indicated in the generic serotype formula by underline when the factor is encoded on a bacteriophage (e.g., 1) or by square brackets (e.g., [5]) when the antigen is variably present. For an individual isolate, if the variable factor is detected it is included in the formula without additional notation. If the variable factor is not detected, it is not listed in the formula. Weakly recognized antigens are indicated by parentheses (e.g., (k) ).
- \* The absence of an H antigen is indicated by a minus sign (“-”) for the particular phase. For example, the “monophasic Group B” isolates that are becoming more common in the US are designated as “*S. I 4,5,12:i:-*” or “*S. I 4,12:i:-*”. Nonmotile isolates (express no H antigen) are indicated by minus signs in both phases, but can also be designated by “NM” or “nonmotile” in place of the H antigens.

## Appendix X: Overview of *Salmonella* Serotype Designation

- \* Isolates that do not express O antigen (rough isolates) or express a capsule that prevents immunologic detection of the O antigen (mucoid isolates) are indicated by “O-rough” or “Mucoid” in place of the O antigen.
- \* Rarely, isolates express a third H antigen that is noted by a colon followed by the antigen after the Phase 2 H antigen (e.g., S. II 13,23:b:[1,5]:z42, formerly S. Acres )

### 5) *Salmonella* Serotype Statistics

There were 2501 *Salmonella* serotypes as of 2001; approximately 60% belong to subspecies I. In the US, approximately 99% of reported human isolates belong to subspecies I. The “top 10” serotypes account for approximately 74% of all isolates reported in the US; the “top 100” serotypes account for about 98% of all isolates. Among the top 100 serotypes, only S. IV 48:g,z51:- (formerly S. Marina), S. IV 50:z4,z23:- (formerly S. Flint), S. IV 6,7:z4,z24:- (formerly S. Kralendyk), and S. IV 16:z4,z32:- (formerly S. Chameleon) are not subspecies I. Among the non-subspecies I isolates, subspecies IV isolates are the most common, followed by subspecies II, IIIa, and IIIb. Subspecies VI and S. bongori isolates are very rare.

### 6) Additional Reading

- Brenner, F. W., R. G. Villar, F. J. Angulo, R. Tauxe, and B. Swaminathan.. 2000. *Salmonella* nomenclature. J Clin Microbiol 38: 2465-2467  
[<http://jcm.asm.org/cgi/reprint/38/7/2465.pdf>]
- Brenner, F. W., and A. C. McWhorter-Murlin. 1998. Identification and Serotyping of *Salmonella*. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA.
- Popoff, M. Y. 2001. Antigenic Formulas of the *Salmonella* Serovars, 8th edition. WHO Collaborating Centre for Reference and Research on *Salmonella*, Pasteur Institute, Paris, France.
- Popoff, M. Y., J. Bockemuhl, F. W. Brenner, and L. L. Gheesling. 2001. Supplement 2000 (no. 44) to the Kauffmann-White scheme. Res. Microbiol. 152:907-909.
- For questions or additional information, please contact Patti Fields [(404) 639-1748; [pif1@cdc.gov](mailto:pif1@cdc.gov)]

According to the Bacteriological Code, the legitimate species name for *S. enterica* is *S. choleraesuis*, and there are a few other differences from the nomenclature described. The official taxonomic designations are confusing and proposals to change them are currently under consideration. The taxonomy described here is used by most laboratories worldwide, including the CDC.

## Appendix X: Overview of *Salmonella* Serotype Designation

Table 1. Antigens associated with *Salmonella* O serogroups

O Group (number designation)	O Group (letter designation)	Antigens present in all serotypes	Additional antigens that may be present in some serotypes
2	A	2,12	1
4	B	4,12	1; 5; 27
7	C1	6,7	14; (Vi)
8	C2	8	6; 20
9	D1	9,12	1; (Vi)
9,46	D2	9,46	none
9,46,27	D3	9,12,46,27	1
3,10	E1	3,10	15; 15,34
1,3,19	E4	1,3,19	10; 15
11	F	11	none
13	G	13	1; 22; 23
6,14	H	6,14	1; 24; 25
16	I	16	none
17	J	17	none
18	K	18	6; 14
21	L	21	none
28	M	28	none
30	N	30	none
35	O	35	none
38	P	38	none
39	Q	39	none
40	R	40	1
41	S	41	none
42	T	42	1
43	U	43	none
44	V	44	1
45	W	45	none
47	X	47	1
48	Y	48	none
50	Z	50	none
51		51	1
52		52	none
53		53	1
54 (provisional)		54	21; 3; 3,15; 4,12; 8,20; 6,7
55		55	none
56		56	none
57		57	none
58		58	none
59		59	1
60		60	none
61		61	none
62		62	none
63		63	none
65		65	none
66		66	none
67		67	none

## Appendix X: Overview of *Salmonella* Serotype Designation

**Table 2. H (flagellar) antigens of *Salmonella***

1 complex:	1,2 1,5 1,6 1,7 1,2,5 1,2,7 1,5,7 1,6,7	Other antigens (not part of a complex): a b c d e,h i k (k)
EN complex:	e,n,x e,n,x,z15 e,n,z15	r r,i y
G complex:	f,g f,g,m,t f,g,s f,g,t g,m g,m,p,s g,m,q g,m,s g,m,s,t g,m,t g,p g,p,s g,p,u g,q g,s,q g,s,t g,t g,z51 g,z62 g,z63 g,z85 m,p,t,u m,t	z z6 z10 z29 z35 z36 z36,z38 z38 z39 z41 z42 z44 z47 z50 z52 z53 z54 z55 z56 z57 z60 z61 z64
L complex:	l,v l,w l,z13 l,z13,z28 l,z28	z65 z67 z68 z69 z71
Z4 complex:	z4,z23 z4,z23,z32 z4,z24 z4,z32	z81 z83 z87 z88

# Appendix XI: Salmonella Typhi Case Report Form

<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <span>Retrieve Data</span> <span>Reset Radio Buttons</span> <span>Reset Form</span> </div>	
<p>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH &amp; HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Service Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Atlanta, Georgia 30333</p>	
<h2 style="margin: 0;">TYPHOID FEVER SURVEILLANCE REPORT</h2>	
CDC NO: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <small>Form Approved OMB No. 0920-0009</small>	
<p><b>Instructions:</b>          - Please complete this form only for new, symptomatic, culture-proven cases of typhoid fever. -</p>	
<b>DEMOGRAPHIC DATA</b>	
1. Reporting State: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (0-1)	2. First three letters of patient's last name: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (2-4)
3. Date of birth: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (11-10) or Age: (in years) <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (12-10)	
4. Sex: (10) <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	5. Does the patient work as a food handler? (11) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk
6. Citizenship: (12) <input type="checkbox"/> U.S. <input type="checkbox"/> Other: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
<b>CLINICAL DATA</b>	
7. Was the patient ill with typhoid fever? (fever, abdominal pain, headache, etc) (13) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
8. Was the patient hospitalized? (14) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
9. Outcome of case: (15) <input type="checkbox"/> Recovered <input type="checkbox"/> Died <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
<b>LABORATORY DATA</b>	
10. Date <i>Salmonella typhi</i> first isolated: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (16-16) Site(s) of isolation: (check all that apply) (17) <input type="checkbox"/> Blood <input type="checkbox"/> Stool <input type="checkbox"/> Gall bladder <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (18-18)	
11. Was antibiotic sensitivity testing performed on this (these) isolate(s) at the laboratory? (Please contact the clinical laboratory for this information) (19) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
If Yes, was the organism <b>RESISTANT</b> to: • Ampicillin: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Not tested • Chloramphenicol: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Not tested • Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Not tested • Fluoroquinolones (e.g., Ciprofloxacin): <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Not tested	
<b>EPIDEMIOLOGIC DATA</b>	
12. Did this case occur as part of an outbreak? (two or more cases of typhoid fever associated by time and place) (20) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
13. Did the patient receive typhoid vaccination (primary series or booster) within five years before onset of illness? (21) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
If Yes, indicate type of vaccine received: • Standard killed typhoid shot (Wyerth-Agent): <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk • Oral Ty21a or Vivoril (Berns) four pill series: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk • VCP or Typhim Vi shot (Pasteur Merieux): <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
14. Did the patient travel or live outside the United States during the 30 days before the illness began? (22) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
If Yes, please list in order the countries visited during the 30 days before the illness began: (other than the United States) 1. <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> 2. <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> 3. <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> 4. <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Date of most recent return or entry to the United States: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (23-23)	
15. Was the purpose of the international travel: a.) Business? <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk b.) Tourism? <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk c.) Visiting relatives or friends? <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk d.) Immigration to U.S.? <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk e.) Other? <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk (If other, specify): <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (24-24)	
16. Was the case traced to a typhoid carrier? <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Unk	
17. Comments: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span>	
18. Name of Person Completing Form: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Address: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Telephone: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> Date: <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">  </span> (25-25)	
<p><b>- THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR TAKING THE TIME TO COMPLETE THIS FORM -</b></p>	
<p>Please send a copy to your STATE EPIDEMIOLOGY OFFICE and the          FOODBORNE AND DIARRHEAL DISEASES BRANCH, CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION,          Mailstop A-38, Atlanta, Georgia, 30333. • Fax: (404) 639-2205</p>	
<p><small>Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 20 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Washington Headquarters Service, Paperwork Project, (0920-0009), Washington, DC 20503.</small></p>	
<p>CDC no. 5 (11) or Rev (CDC Atlanta 5.11 Electronic Version, 11/2003) TYPHOID FEVER SURVEILLANCE REPORT</p>	
Page 1 of 1	

Can be accessed at: <http://basis1.cdc.gov/BASIS/masompb/forms/eforms/DDD/563>

## Appendix XII: Cholera and other *Vibrio* Illness Surveillance Report

PATIENT'S NAME:	TEL.: (      ) Home (      )	Work (      )
ADDRESS:		
PHYSICIAN'S NAME:	TEL.: (      )	

- PATIENT IDENTIFIERS NOT TRANSMITTED TO CDC -

SEND COMPLETED REPORT TO STATE INFECTION CONTROL



### CHOLERA AND OTHER *VIBRIO* ILLNESS SURVEILLANCE REPORT

State will forward to: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  
Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch M/S A-38  
1600 Clifton Road  
Atlanta, GA 30333

#### I. DEMOGRAPHIC AND ISOLATE INFORMATION

OMB 0920-0322 Exp. Date 12/31/2002

1. First three letters of patient's first name: <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (1-3)		REPORTING HEALTH DEPARTMENT	
State: <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (#-5)		City: (6-15)	
State No.: (27-37)		County/Parish: (16-26)	
		CDC USE ONLY	
		FDA No.: (#0-6)	
2. Date of birth: Mo. <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Day <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Yr. <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (58-63)		3. Age: Years <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> Mos. <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (#4-67)	
4. Sex: (88) <input type="checkbox"/> M (1) <input type="checkbox"/> F (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3)		5. Race/Ethnicity: (89) <input type="checkbox"/> White (not Hispanic) (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Black (not Hispanic) (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Hispanic (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Asian/Pacific Islander (4) <input type="checkbox"/> American Indian/Alaska Native (5) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ (6) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (7)	
6. Occupation: (70-81)			
7. <i>Vibrio</i> species isolated (check one or more):			
Species		Date specimen collected (If more than one specify earliest date)	
Source of specimen(s) collected from patient		If wound or other, specify site:	
Stool Blood Wound Other		Mo. Day Yr.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. alginolyticus</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (82) <input type="checkbox"/> (83) <input type="checkbox"/> (84) <input type="checkbox"/> (85)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (86-91) _____ (92-100)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. cholerae</i> O1 ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (104) <input type="checkbox"/> (105) <input type="checkbox"/> (106) <input type="checkbox"/> (107)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (100-113) _____ (114-125)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. cholerae</i> O139 ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (126) <input type="checkbox"/> (127) <input type="checkbox"/> (128) <input type="checkbox"/> (129)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (100-135) _____ (136-147)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. cholerae</i> non-O1, non-O139 ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (140) <input type="checkbox"/> (141) <input type="checkbox"/> (142) <input type="checkbox"/> (143)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (152-157) _____ (158-169)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. cholerae</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (170) <input type="checkbox"/> (171) <input type="checkbox"/> (172) <input type="checkbox"/> (173)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (174-179) _____ (180-191)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. damsela</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (182) <input type="checkbox"/> (183) <input type="checkbox"/> (184) <input type="checkbox"/> (185)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (196-201) _____ (202-213)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. fluvialis</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (214) <input type="checkbox"/> (215) <input type="checkbox"/> (216) <input type="checkbox"/> (217)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (218-223) _____ (224-235)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. fumissii</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (236) <input type="checkbox"/> (237) <input type="checkbox"/> (238) <input type="checkbox"/> (239)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (240-245) _____ (246-257)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. holisae</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (250) <input type="checkbox"/> (251) <input type="checkbox"/> (252) <input type="checkbox"/> (253)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (262-267) _____ (268-279)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. metschnikovii</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (280) <input type="checkbox"/> (281) <input type="checkbox"/> (282) <input type="checkbox"/> (283)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (294-299) _____ (300-311)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. mimicus</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (302) <input type="checkbox"/> (303) <input type="checkbox"/> (304) <input type="checkbox"/> (305)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (306-311) _____ (312-323)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. parahaemolyticus</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (324) <input type="checkbox"/> (325) <input type="checkbox"/> (326) <input type="checkbox"/> (327)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (328-333) _____ (334-345)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>V. vulnificus</i> ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (346) <input type="checkbox"/> (347) <input type="checkbox"/> (348) <input type="checkbox"/> (349)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (350-355) _____ (356-367)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <i>Vibrio</i> species - not identified ..... <input type="checkbox"/> (368) <input type="checkbox"/> (369) <input type="checkbox"/> (370) <input type="checkbox"/> (371)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (372-377) _____ (378-389)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): _____ (390-405)		<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; display: inline-block;"></div> (410-415) _____ (416-427)	
8. Were other organisms isolated from the same specimen that yielded <i>Vibrio</i> ? Specify organism(s): _____ (429-450)		9. Was the identification of the species of <i>Vibrio</i> (e.g., <i>vulnificus</i> , <i>fluvialis</i> ) confirmed at the State Public Health Laboratory? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3) _____ (451)	
10. Complete the following information if the isolate is <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> O1 or O139:			
Serotype (451) (check one)		Biotype (451) (check one)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inaba (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Not Done (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Ogawa (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Hikojima (3)		<input type="checkbox"/> El Tor (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Not Done (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Classical (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (4)	
		Toxicogenic? (454) (check one) If YES, toxin positive by: (check all that apply)	
		Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3) <input type="checkbox"/> ELISA (455) <input type="checkbox"/> Latex agglutination (456) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): _____ (457-471)	

# Appendix XII: Cholera and other Vibrio Illness Surveillance Report

Name of Hospital: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

State: _____ Age: _____ Sex: _____		<b>II. CLINICAL INFORMATION</b>		Vibrio species: _____	
<b>1. Date and time of onset of first symptoms:</b> Mo. Day Yr. (402-7) Hour Min. (403-9) (404-1) am (1) pm (2) (405)		<b>2. Symptoms and signs:</b> Fever ..... max. temp. (403-9) (404) (405) <input type="checkbox"/> F (1) <input type="checkbox"/> C (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (16) <input type="checkbox"/> No (17) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (18) Nausea ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (19) <input type="checkbox"/> No (20) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (21) Vomiting ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (22) <input type="checkbox"/> No (23) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (24) Diarrhea ..... (max. no. stools/24 hours: _____) (403-404) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (25) <input type="checkbox"/> No (26) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (27) Visible blood in stools ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (28) <input type="checkbox"/> No (29) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (30) Abdominal cramps ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (31) <input type="checkbox"/> No (32) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (33)		Headache ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (34) <input type="checkbox"/> No (35) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (36) (407) Muscle pain ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (37) <input type="checkbox"/> No (38) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (39) (408) Cellulitis ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (40) <input type="checkbox"/> No (41) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (42) (409) Site: _____ (500-514) Bullae ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (43) <input type="checkbox"/> No (44) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (45) (515) Site: _____ (516-530) Shock (systolic BP < 90) ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (46) <input type="checkbox"/> No (47) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (48) (531) Other ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (49) <input type="checkbox"/> No (50) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (51) (specify): _____ (532-549)	
<b>3. Total duration of illness:</b> (day/s) (551-552)		<b>4. Admitted to a hospital for this illness? (553)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (1) <input type="checkbox"/> No (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3) Admission date: Mo. Day Yr. (554-559) Discharge date: Mo. Day Yr. (560-565)		<b>5. Any sequelae? (e.g., amputation, skin graft) (566)</b> If YES, describe: _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (1) <input type="checkbox"/> No (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3) (567-569)	
<b>6. Did patient die? (570)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (1) <input type="checkbox"/> No (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3) (571-572) If YES, date of death: Mo. Day Yr. (573-578)		<b>7. Did patient take an antibiotic as treatment for this illness? (583)</b> If YES, name(s) of antibiotic(s): 1. _____ (584-586) Date began antibiotic: Mo. Day Yr. (587-592) Date ended antibiotic: Mo. Day Yr. (593-598) 2. _____ (599-601) _____ (602-607) _____ (603-608) 3. _____ (604-606) _____ (607-612) _____ (603-608)			
<b>8. Pre-existing conditions? (613)</b> Alcoholism ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (16) <input type="checkbox"/> No (17) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (18) (614) Diabetes ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (19) <input type="checkbox"/> No (20) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (21) (615) Peptic ulcer ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (22) <input type="checkbox"/> No (23) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (24) (616) Gastric surgery ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (25) <input type="checkbox"/> No (26) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (27) (617) Heart disease ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (28) <input type="checkbox"/> No (29) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (30) (618) Hematologic disease ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (31) <input type="checkbox"/> No (32) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (33) (619) Immunodeficiency ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (34) <input type="checkbox"/> No (35) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (36) (620) Liver disease ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (37) <input type="checkbox"/> No (38) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (39) (621) Malignancy ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (40) <input type="checkbox"/> No (41) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (42) (622) Renal disease ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (43) <input type="checkbox"/> No (44) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (45) (623) Other: _____ (624-629)		<b>9. Was the patient receiving any of the following treatments or taking any of the following medications in the 30 days before this Vibrio illness began? (630)</b> If YES, specify treatment and dates: Antibiotics ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (1) <input type="checkbox"/> No (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3) (631-636) Chemotherapy ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (37) <input type="checkbox"/> No (38) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (39) (637-642) Radiotherapy ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (40) <input type="checkbox"/> No (41) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (42) (643-648) Systemic steroids ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (43) <input type="checkbox"/> No (44) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (45) (649-654) Immunosuppressants ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (46) <input type="checkbox"/> No (47) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (48) (655-660) Antacids ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (49) <input type="checkbox"/> No (50) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (51) (661-666) H <sub>2</sub> -Blocker or other ulcer medication ..... <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (52) <input type="checkbox"/> No (53) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (54) (667-672) (e.g., Tagamet, Zantac, Omeprazole) (673-678)			

<b>III. EPIDEMIOLOGIC INFORMATION</b>																																																																																																									
<b>1. Did this case occur as part of an outbreak? (Two or more cases of Vibrio infection) (702-703)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes (1) <input type="checkbox"/> No (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (3) (704) If YES, describe: _____ (705-709)																																																																																																									
<b>2. Did the patient travel outside his/her home state in the 7 days before illness began? (710-711)</b> Patient home state: _____ (712-713) City/State/Country: _____ (714-719) Date Entered: Mo. Day Yr. (720-725) Date Left: Mo. Day Yr. (726-731) 1. _____ (720-725) _____ (726-731) (732-737) 2. _____ (738-743) _____ (744-749) (750-755) 3. _____ (756-761) _____ (762-767) (768-773)																																																																																																									
<b>3. Please specify which of the following seafoods were eaten by the patient in the 7 days before illness began: (If multiple times, most recent meal) (774-779)</b> <table border="0" style="width:100%;"> <tr> <th>Type of seafood</th> <th>Yes (1)</th> <th>No (2)</th> <th>Unk. (3)</th> <th>Mo.</th> <th>Day</th> <th>Yr.</th> <th>Any eaten raw? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Clams ..... (780-785)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Crab ..... (786-791)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lobster ..... (792-797)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mussels ..... (798-803)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oysters ..... (804-809)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table> <table border="0" style="width:100%;"> <tr> <th>Type of seafood</th> <th>Yes (1)</th> <th>No (2)</th> <th>Unk. (3)</th> <th>Mo.</th> <th>Day</th> <th>Yr.</th> <th>Any eaten raw? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Shrimp ..... (810-815)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Crawfish ..... (816-821)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other shellfish ..... (822-827)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(specify): _____ (828-833)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fish ..... (834-839)</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(specify): _____ (840-845)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		Type of seafood	Yes (1)	No (2)	Unk. (3)	Mo.	Day	Yr.	Any eaten raw? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)	Clams ..... (780-785)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Crab ..... (786-791)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lobster ..... (792-797)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Mussels ..... (798-803)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Oysters ..... (804-809)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Type of seafood	Yes (1)	No (2)	Unk. (3)	Mo.	Day	Yr.	Any eaten raw? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)	Shrimp ..... (810-815)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Crawfish ..... (816-821)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other shellfish ..... (822-827)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(specify): _____ (828-833)								Fish ..... (834-839)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(specify): _____ (840-845)							
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## Appendix XII: *Cholera* and other *Vibrio* Illness Surveillance Report

State: \_\_\_\_\_ Age: \_\_\_\_\_ Sex: \_\_\_\_\_ III. EPIDEMIOLOGIC INFORMATION (CONT.) *Vibrio* species: \_\_\_\_\_

4. In the 7 days before illness began, was patient's skin exposed to any of the following? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)

A body of water (fresh, salt, or brackish water) ..... (125-126) If YES, specify body of water location: \_\_\_\_\_ (125-126)

Drippings from raw or live seafood ..... (127)

Other contact with marine or freshwater life ..... (128)

If YES to any of the above, answer each: Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)

Handling/cleaning seafood ..... (129)

Swimming/diving/wading ..... (130)

Walking on beach/shore/ell on rocks/shells ..... (131)

Boating/skiing/surfing ..... (132)

Construction/repairs ..... (133)

Bitten/stung ..... (134)

Other: (specify) ..... (135)

Date of exposure: Mo. Day Yr. (136-138)

Time of exposure: Hour Min. am (1) pm (2) (139-141)

• If skin was exposed to water, indicate type: (142) Salt (1) Brackish (2) Unk. (3) Fresh (4) Other (5) (specify): \_\_\_\_\_ (142-144)

Additional comments: \_\_\_\_\_ (145-146)

• If skin was exposed, did the patient sustain a wound during this exposure, or have a pre-existing wound? (choose one): (147) YES, sustained a wound. (1) YES, had a pre-existing wound. (2) YES, uncertain if wound new or old. (3) NO. (4) Unk. (5) (147-148)

If YES, describe how wound occurred and site on body: \_\_\_\_\_ (149-150)

(Note: Skin bullae that appear as part of the acute illness should be recorded in section II, Clinical Information, only). \_\_\_\_\_ (150-151)

If isolate is *Vibrio cholerae* O1 or O139 please answer questions 5 - 8.

5. If patient was infected with *V. cholerae* O1 or O139, to which of the following risks was the patient exposed in the 14 days before illness began? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3)

Raw seafood ..... (152)

Cooked seafood ..... (153)

Foreign travel ..... (154)

Other person(s) with cholera or cholera-like illness ..... (155)

Street-vended food ..... (156)

Other ..... (157)

(specify): \_\_\_\_\_ (157-158)

6. If answered "yes" to foreign travel (question III. 5), had the patient been educated in cholera prevention measures before travel? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3) (159)

If YES, check all source(s) of information received: Pre-travel clinic (160) Friends (161) Travel agency (162) Airport (departure gate) (163) Private physician (164) CDC travelers' hotline (165) Newspaper (166) Health department (167) Other (specify): (168) \_\_\_\_\_ (168-169)

7. If answered "yes" to foreign travel (question III. 5), what was the patient's reason for travel? (check all that apply) To visit relatives/friends (170) Other (specify): (171) \_\_\_\_\_ (170-171)

Business (172) Tourism (173) Military (174) Unk. (175) \_\_\_\_\_ (172-175)

8. Has patient ever received a cholera vaccine? Yes (1) No (2) Unk. (3) (176)

(If YES, specify type most recently received: Oral (177) Parenteral (178) (177-178)

Most recent date: Mo. Day Yr. (179-180)

If domestically acquired illness due to *any Vibrio* species is suspected to be related to seafood consumption, please complete section IV (Seafood Investigation).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION or COMMENTS

Person completing section I - III: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: Mo. Day Yr. (181-183)

Title/Agency: \_\_\_\_\_ Tel.: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ (184-185)

CDC Use Only Source: (186) \_\_\_\_\_ (186-187)

Comment: (188-189) \_\_\_\_\_ (188-189)

Syndrome: (190) \_\_\_\_\_ (190-191)

CDC Isolate No. \_\_\_\_\_ (192-193)

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 20 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Project Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, NE, Atlanta, GA 30333, ATTN: PRA (0920-0322). Do not send the completed form to this address.

CDC 52.79 REV.07/2000 (Page 3 of 4) CHOLERA AND OTHER *VIBRIO* ILLNESS SURVEILLANCE REPORT (OVER)

## Appendix XII: *Cholera* and other *Vibrio* Illness Surveillance Report

State: \_\_\_\_\_ Age: \_\_\_\_\_ Sex: \_\_\_\_\_

### IV. SEAFOOD INVESTIGATION SECTION

Vibrio species: \_\_\_\_\_

For each seafood ingestion investigated, please complete as many of the following questions as possible.  
(Include additional pages section IV if more than one seafood type was ingested and investigated.)

<p>1. Type of seafood (e.g., clams): _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Date consumed: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Mo.</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Day</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yr.</span></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Time consumed: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Hour</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Min</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">am (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">pm (2)</span></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Amount consumed: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></p> <p style="font-size: small;">(1464-1466) (1461-1463) (1467-8) (1469-90) (1461) (1462-1512)</p> <p>If patient ate multiple seafoods in the 7 days before onset of illness, please note why this seafood was investigated (e.g., consumed raw, implicated in outbreak investigation): _____</p>		<p>2. How was this fish or seafood prepared? (1513)</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Raw (1)               <input type="checkbox"/> Baked (2)               <input type="checkbox"/> Boiled (3)               <input type="checkbox"/> Broiled (4)               <input type="checkbox"/> Fried (5)               <input type="checkbox"/> Steamed (6)               <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (8)               <input type="checkbox"/> Other (9) (specify): _____         </p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1514-1538)</p>																																											
<p>3. Was seafood imported from another country? <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yes (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">No (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Unk. (8)</span> (1539)</p> <p>If YES, specify exporting country if known: _____</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1532-1554)</p>		<p>4. Was this fish or shellfish harvested by the patient or a friend of the patient? <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yes (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">No (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Unk. (8)</span> (1555)</p> <p>(If YES, go to question 12.)</p>																																											
<p>5. Where was this seafood obtained? (1556) (Check one)</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Oyster bar or restaurant (1)               <input type="checkbox"/> Seafood market (4)               <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (8)         </p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Truck or roadside vendor (2)               <input type="checkbox"/> Other (3)         </p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Food store (3)               (specify): _____         </p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1557-1590)</p>		<p>6. Name of restaurant, oyster bar, or food store: _____ Tel.: _____</p> <p>Address: _____</p>																																											
<p>7. If oysters, clams, or mussels were eaten, how were they distributed to the retail outlet? (1591)</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Shellstock (sold in the shell) (1)               <input type="checkbox"/> Shucked (2)               <input type="checkbox"/> Unk. (8)               <input type="checkbox"/> Other (3) (specify): _____         </p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1592-1619)</p>																																													
<p>8. Date restaurant or food outlet received seafood: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Mo.</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Day</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yr.</span></p> <p style="text-align: center;">(1611-1635)</p>		<p>9. Was this restaurant or food outlet inspected as part of this investigation? <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yes (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">No (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Unk. (8)</span> (1637)</p>																																											
<p>10. Are shipping tags available from the suspect lot? (1638)</p> <p> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yes (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">No (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Unk. (8)</span> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Attach copies if available)</p>		<p>11. Shippers who handled suspected seafood: (please include certification numbers if on tags)</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>																																											
<p>12. Source(s) of seafood: _____</p> <p>_____</p>																																													
<p>13. Harvest site: _____ Date: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Mo.</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Day</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yr.</span> Status: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Approved (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Conditional (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Prohibited (3)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Other (8) (specify): _____</span></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1640-1645) (1646) (1647-1650)</p> <p>_____ Date: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Mo.</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Day</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yr.</span> Status: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Approved (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Conditional (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Prohibited (3)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Other (8) (specify): _____</span></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1657-1662) (1663-1668) (1669) (1670-1714)</p>																																													
<p>14. Physical characteristics of harvest area as close as possible to harvest date:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 40%;"></th> <th style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">Result</th> <th style="width: 10%;"></th> <th style="width: 10%; text-align: center;">Date Measured</th> <th style="width: 10%;"></th> <th style="width: 10%;"></th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Mo.</th> <th>Day</th> <th>Yr.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Maximum ambient temp. .... (1715-1718)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> F (1) <input type="checkbox"/> C (2) (1719)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Surface water temp. .... (1726-1727)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> F (1) <input type="checkbox"/> C (2) (1728)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Salinity (ppt) .... (1735-1736)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total rainfall (inches in prev. 5 days) .... (1743-1744)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fecal coliform count .... (1751-1752)</td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> <td><span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;">(1756-1761) (Attach copy of coliform data)</p>					Result		Date Measured						Mo.	Day	Yr.	Maximum ambient temp. .... (1715-1718)	<span style="display: inline-block; width: 100px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span>	<input type="checkbox"/> F (1) <input type="checkbox"/> C (2) (1719)	<span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span>	<span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span>	<span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;"></span>	Surface water temp. .... 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<p>15. Was there evidence of improper storage, cross-contamination, or holding temperature at any point? <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yes (1)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">No (2)</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Unk. (8)</span> (1762)</p> <p>If YES, specify deficiencies: _____</p> <p>_____</p>																																													
<p>Person completing section IV: _____</p> <p>Title/Agency: _____</p>			<p>Date: <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Mo.</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Day</span> <span style="display: inline-block; width: 20px; border-bottom: 1px solid black; margin: 0 5px;">Yr.</span> (1763-1768)</p> <p>Tel.: _____</p>																																										



CASE ID \_\_\_\_\_

**Appendix XIII: Case Report Form****Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome Surveillance  
State Department of Health***Instructions: Complete the following by interviewing the attending physician and/or reviewing patient's medical record.***I. PATIENT IDENTIFICATION**

- 1A. Patient name \_\_\_\_\_ 2A. Date of birth \_\_\_\_\_  
last first mo / day / yr
- 3A. Parent/guardian \_\_\_\_\_ 4A. Medical Rec # \_\_\_\_\_  
last first
- 5A. Address \_\_\_\_\_  
number/street city state zip
- 6A. Phone home (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ 7A. Phone work (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ 8A. County of residence \_\_\_\_\_
- 9A. Sex ☐ Female ☐ Male
- 10A. Ethnicity ☐ Hispanic ☐ Non-Hispanic ☐ Unknown
- 11A. Race ☐ White ☐ Asian / Pacific Islander ☐ Black ☐ American Indian / Alaska Native  
☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_ ☐ Unknown

- 12A. Are you completing this form for a case identified by ICD9 code review of hospital discharge data?  
☐ Yes  
☐ No Skip to Question 14A
- 13A. Has this case been previously reported (either through the provider network or other source)?  
☐ Yes ----> STOP HERE. Staple this form to patient's original report, and update database, changing answers for this and the previous question (12A and 13A only) to "yes"  
☐ No ----> Complete as much information as possible on Forms A, B, and C

**II. HOSPITAL INFORMATION**

- 14A. Person reporting case \_\_\_\_\_ 15A. Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_
- 16A. Attending physician \_\_\_\_\_ 17A. Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_
- 18A. Hospital \_\_\_\_\_ 19A. Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_  
Name City/State
- 20A. Date of admission or transfer to this facility \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_
- 21A. Date of discharge or transfer from this facility \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ ☐ Still hospitalized
- 22A. Institution transferred to (if applicable) \_\_\_\_\_  
Name City/State
- 23A. Institution where first hospitalized (if different) \_\_\_\_\_  
Name City/State
- 24A. Date of initial hospitalization (if different) \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_
- 25A. Physician, initial hospitalization (if different) \_\_\_\_\_ 26A. Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_



## Appendix XIII: Case Report Form

**III. CLINICAL INFORMATION**

27A. Date of HUS diagnosis \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

28A. Did patient have diarrhea during the 3 weeks before HUS diagnosis?..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif yes

29A. Date of diarrhea onset \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

30A. Did stools contain visible blood at any time .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure31A. Was diarrhea treated with antimicrobial medications.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif yes

32A. Type of antimicrobial \_\_\_\_\_

33A. Was patient treated with an antimicrobial medication for any other reason than diarrhea during the 3 weeks before HUS diagnosis? .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif yes

34A. Type of antimicrobial \_\_\_\_\_

35A. Reason(s) \_\_\_\_\_

Other medical conditions present during 3 weeks before HUS diagnosis:

36A. Other gastrointestinal illness.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure37A. Urinary tract infection .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure38A. Respiratory tract infection .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure39A. Other acute illness.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif yes

40A. Describe \_\_\_\_\_

41A. Pregnancy .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure42A. Kidney Disease .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure43A. Immune compromising condition or medication .....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif yes44A. Malignancy.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure45A. Transplanted organ or bone marrow.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure46A. HIV infection.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure47A. Steroid Use (parenteral or oral).....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

48A. Other, describe \_\_\_\_\_

Laboratory values within 7 days before and 3 days after HUS diagnosis:

49A. Highest serum creatinine..... \_\_\_\_\_ mg/dL

50A. Highest serum BUN ..... \_\_\_\_\_ mg/dL

51A. Highest serum amylase..... \_\_\_\_\_ U/L

52A. Highest WBC ..... \_\_\_\_\_ K/mm<sup>3</sup>

53A. Lowest hemoglobin ..... \_\_\_\_\_ g/dL

or Lowest hematocrit ..... \_\_\_\_\_ %

54A. Lowest platelet count ..... \_\_\_\_\_ K/mm<sup>3</sup>

Other laboratory findings within 7 days before and 3 days after HUS diagnosis:

55A. Blood smear with microangiopathic changes (i.e., schistocytes, burr cells, helmet cells or red cell fragments).....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure ☐ not tested56A. Blood in urine by dipstick.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure ☐ not tested57A. Protein in urine by dipstick.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure ☐ not tested58A. RBC in urine by microscopy.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure ☐ not tested

59A. Patient's blood type \_\_\_\_\_

**To be completed by health department**60A. How was patient's illness first identified by health department?☐ Report of HUS case by a participating member of the HUS active surveillance network☐ Report of HUS case by a non-participating physician or service☐ Routine O157 surveillance☐ Other, describe \_\_\_\_\_61A. Is this case outbreak related?..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure62A. Status of report ☐ Initial ☐ Update ☐ Complete

63A. Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ 64A. Completed by (initials) \_\_\_\_\_

**B****B****Appendix XIV: Microbiology Report Form****Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome Surveillance  
State Department of Health**

**Instructions: Complete by contacting microbiology laboratory at each institution where patient was treated. Complete one composite form for all laboratories.**

**1B. Was stool specimen obtained from this patient .....** ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure  
if no Skip to question 22B

**2B. Laboratories where stool(s) tested**

_____	_____	Phone (____) _____
Name	City/State	
_____	_____	Phone (____) _____
Name	City/State	
_____	_____	Phone (____) _____
Name	City/State	
_____	_____	Phone (____) _____
Name	City/State	

**3B. Was stool tested for Shiga toxin .....** ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure  
if yes 4B. Methods(s)/kit(s) used \_\_\_\_\_

5B. Result..... ☐ positive ☐ negative ☐ unsure

6B. Collection date 1st specimen tested: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

7B. Collection date 1st positive specimen: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

**8B. Was stool cultured for *E. coli* O157?.....** ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

if no skip to question 14B

if yes 9B. Collection date 1st specimen tested for O157 \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

10B. Methods used

☐ culture on sorbitol-MacConkey agar

☐ other, describe \_\_\_\_\_

**11B. Was *E. coli* O157 isolated?.....** ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

if yes 12B. Collection date 1st positive specimen: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

13B. Result of H antigen testing (check one):

☐ H7 positive ☐ other H, specify: \_\_\_\_\_

☐ H7 negative

☐ unsure or not tested

☐ non-motile

**14B. Was stool tested for non O157 Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli*? .....** ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

if yes 15B. Was non-O157 Shiga toxin-producing *E. coli* isolated..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

if yes 16B. Serotype: O:\_\_\_\_ H:\_\_\_\_ ☐ non-motile ☐ unknown

17B. Collection date 1st specimen tested: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

18B. Collection date 1st positive specimen: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_



CASE ID \_\_\_\_\_



## Appendix XIV: Microbiology Report Form

19B. Other pathogen isolated from stool.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

if yes 20B. Pathogen #1 \_\_\_\_\_ Specimen collection date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_  
21B. Pathogen #2 \_\_\_\_\_ Specimen collection date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

22B. Pathogen isolated from source other than stool.....☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

if yes 23B. Pathogen \_\_\_\_\_  
24B. Specimen Source \_\_\_\_\_  
25B. First date of isolation \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

If O157 or other STEC was isolated, complete the following based on health department records:

26B. Disposition of isolate ☐ Sent to state laboratory (reference # \_\_\_\_\_)  
(check all that apply) ☐ Sent to CDC  
☐ Sent to other reference laboratory (specify \_\_\_\_\_)  
☐ Discarded

27B. Identity of isolate confirmed by state Public Health Laboratory

☐ yes  
☐ no  
☐ unsure  
☐ not tested

Comment \_\_\_\_\_

28B. Is the patient a resident of the FoodNet catchment area? ☐ yes ☐ noif yes 29B. Please complete the following based on your site's method of data transmission

PHLIS \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_  
Site ID Patient ID Specimen ID

NEDSS \_\_\_\_\_  
NEDSS Patient ID

Method other than PHLIS or NEDSS \_\_\_\_\_  
Local ID

30B. Was serum obtained from this patient? ..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif no Skip to 37Bif yes 31B. Were significant levels of antibodies against an STEC detected?..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsureif yes 32B. LPS type \_\_\_\_\_

33B. Titer IgG \_\_\_\_\_

35B. Titer IgM \_\_\_\_\_

34B. Interpretation ☐ positive ☐ negative ☐ borderline36B. Interpretation ☐ positive ☐ negative ☐ borderline37B. Status of report ☐ initial ☐ update ☐ complete

38B. Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

39B. Completed by (initials) \_\_\_\_\_

## Appendix XV: Chart Review Form

Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome Surveillance  
State Department of Health

*Instructions: Complete after patient has been discharged; use hospital discharge summary, consultation notes and DRG coding sheet. Complete one composite form for all institution where hospitalized.*

1C. Hospitals admitted \_\_\_\_\_ Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date admitted above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Date discharged above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date admitted above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Date discharged above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date admitted above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Date discharged above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Phone (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date admitted above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Date discharged above: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

2C. Date of first admission: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ 3C. Date of last discharge: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Did any of the following complications occur during this admission:

					Date of onset
4C. Pneumonia.....	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> unsure	<u>if yes</u>	5C. ____/____/____
6C. Seizure.....	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> unsure	<u>if yes</u>	7C. ____/____/____
8C. Paralysis or hemiparesis.....	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> unsure	<u>if yes</u>	9C. ____/____/____
10C. Blindness.....	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> unsure	<u>if yes</u>	11C. ____/____/____
12C. Other major neurologic sequelae .....	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> unsure	<u>if yes</u>	13C. ____/____/____

if yes, Describe: \_\_\_\_\_

Were any of the following procedures performed during this admission:

14C. Peritoneal dialysis..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure  
 15C. Hemodialysis..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

Transfusion with:

16C. packed RBC or whole blood..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure  
 17C. platelets..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure  
 18C. fresh frozen plasma..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

19C. Plasmapheresis ..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure  
 20C. Laparotomy or other abdominal surgery\*..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

(\*other than insertion of dialysis catheter)

if yes 21C. Describe: \_\_\_\_\_

22C. Condition at discharge..... ☐ dead ☐ alive

if dead, 23C. Date deceased: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

if alive, 24C. Requiring dialysis..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

25C. With neurologic deficits..... ☐ yes ☐ no ☐ unsure

26C. Status of report ☐ initial ☐ update ☐ complete

27C. Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ 28C. Completed by (initials) \_\_\_\_\_

# **Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005**

## **I. OBJECTIVES**

1. Determine the incidence of HUS using population-based surveillance
2. Monitor long term trends in STEC infection using HUS incidence as a marker
3. Identify STEC strains that cause HUS in the United States and monitor changes in their frequency over time
4. Establish a platform for conducting future studies of HUS pathogenesis and treatment

## **II. BACKGROUND**

Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS) is a life-threatening illness characterized by hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute renal failure. Approximately 90% of HUS cases in the United States are caused by infection with Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC). Although *E. coli* O157:H7 (O157) is the most easily and frequently isolated, other STEC serotypes can also cause HUS.

Efforts to control STEC infections and develop effective therapies for HUS have been hampered by the absence of reliable surveillance data. Rapidly changing culturing practices make it difficult to know if STEC infections are becoming more or less common in any given area. The role of non-O157 STEC as a cause of HUS in the United States is largely unexplored. Finally, attempts to evaluate new treatments for HUS have been hindered by the rarity of reported cases in any given area.

Active surveillance in defined populations will allow determination of the incidence rate of HUS and whether that rate is changing. Linking microbial diagnosis to this active surveillance will allow differentiation of illness caused by O157 and by other STECs, and therefore will both provide a way to validate O157 surveillance data and a way to detect increases in illness caused by other STECs.

## **III. METHODS**

### **A. General**

The HUS surveillance system is based on specialty provider networks comprised of pediatric nephrologists. The system is a component of the Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet).

### **B. Personnel**

Participating sites will appoint one or more persons to serve as the local HUS surveillance officer.



## Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005

### C. Case finding

#### Prospective

##### 1. Pediatric Cases (persons <18 years old)

- a. Sites will establish a practitioner reporting network that includes all pediatric nephrologists practicing within the catchment area. These practitioners will be asked to report promptly all cases of HUS. The HUS surveillance officer will contact these practitioners monthly to identify any unreported cases.
- b. All patients <18 years old who receive treatment for acute HUS within the catchment area will be entered into the surveillance system, regardless of where they live or how they were identified by the health department.

##### 2. Adult Cases (persons $\geq$ 18 years old with a history of diarrhea in the 3 weeks preceding HUS diagnosis)

- a. Although a practitioner network is not being established to identify cases of HUS among adults, surveillance officers may learn of such cases nevertheless. These cases should be evaluated and reported in the same manner as pediatric cases, *provided there is a history of an associated diarrheal illness*

#### Retrospective

##### 1. Hospital Discharge Data (HDD) Review

- a. Where available, hospital discharge data tapes will be reviewed annually to evaluate completeness of reporting for pediatric cases and to identify cases of post-diarrheal HUS among adults.
- b. The following is a list of the ICD 9 codes recommended for searching hospital discharge databases for pediatric HUS and adult post-diarrheal HUS cases (sometimes diagnosed as thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura). The search should look for these codes under both primary and secondary (or “non-primary”) diagnoses.

ICD 9 Codes	Condition
283.11	Hemolytic uremic syndrome
584.X <u>and</u> 283.X <u>and</u> 287.X	Acute renal failure with hemolytic anemia and thrombocytopenia
446.6 <u>and</u> 008.X	Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura with diarrhea caused by <i>E. coli</i> or an unknown pathogen

## Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005

**ICD 9 Codes (continued)**  
446.6 and 009.X

**Condition**  
Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura with diarrhea caused by *E. coli* or an unknown pathogen

- c. When cases are identified, any information that would assist in identifying the patient should be collected. These include but are not limited to the list of variables provided below. Depending on each site's hospital discharge data, not all of the following variables will be available.

Information	Variables
Demographic	age, date of birth, sex, race, ethnicity, place of residence (county/zip code) and unique patient identifier
Provider	Provider name, provider type
Hospital	Hospital name, date of admission (or some other measure of date of illness), date of discharge, medical records number

- d. Information collected from the HDD should be used to pull the medical records of patients. Records should be reviewed to verify the diagnosis of HUS

### D. Laboratory Testing

#### Stool

- a. FoodNet sites are encouraged to follow up with physicians to determine if a stool sample was collected from the patient. If a stool sample was not collected, FoodNet sites are encouraged to ask for a stool sample.
- b. Stool samples should be tested for *E. coli* O157, and non O157 STEC, by a clinical, reference, state public health, or a combination of laboratories.

#### Serum

##### 1. General

- a. FoodNet sites are encouraged to submit leftover serum from HUS patients to the CDC laboratory for testing, regardless of stool culture results. Although blood may be drawn from cases for routine HUS work up, ***FoodNet sites should not request blood to be drawn for the purposes of HUS surveillance.***
- b. CDC laboratory will test for antibodies to *E. coli* O157 lipopolysaccharide (LPS).

## Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005

- c. CDC laboratory will test for antibodies to non-O157 STEC LPS. Serogroups that will be tested include O26, O45, O111, O121, and O145. Serum will be tested for O103 retrospectively when antigen becomes available.

### 2. Guidelines for submitting serum for testing

Please use the following guidelines when submitting serum for testing:

- a. Blood should be collected in a red top tube and spun down. We request at least 1 mL of serum. However if only a small quantity is available, please send what you can.
- b. If the serum has been refrigerated and not frozen, ship the serum on ice pack. If the serum has been frozen, ship the serum on dry ice.
- c. All sera should be shipped by overnight mail to CDC at the following address:  
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  
Data & Specimen Handling Section (DASH)  
Attn: Kathy Greene  
Bldg. 4 Room B35-G12  
1600 Clifton Road  
Atlanta, GA 30333
- d. A dash form should accompany each sample submitted. If no dash form is available, please submit the following info for each sample: name, date of birth, date of HUS diagnosis, and date of serum collection. **Please make sure to record the individual's HUS Case ID on all submitting documents (DASH or otherwise).**
- e. Results of serum testing will be provided to the submitting laboratory within 4 weeks of serum submission. It is the responsibility of the submitting laboratory to notify the site HUS coordinator of the results.

### E. Case Reporting

#### General

- a. Individuals diagnosed with pediatric HUS or post-diarrheal adult HUS in a hospital within the FoodNet catchment area should have HUS Forms A, B, and C completed (*please see brief descriptions below*).
- b. Data will be entered by each site into an ACCESS database using the HUS data entry screens. The data will be transmitted to CDC through the EIP FTP secure website on a monthly basis.
- c. The Case ID number will be assigned using the year of HUS diagnosis (first 4 digits), the state FIPS code (next 2 digits), and a sequential case number (last 3 digits). For example, the third case in California during 2005 would be assigned 200506003
- d. Although HUS may be diagnosed in an individual more than once, please use the first

## Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005

diagnosis date as the “date of HUS diagnosis”. Any subsequent diagnosis of HUS will be considered a duplicate and should not be entered into the HUS Database.

- e. The period of hospitalization is defined as the time during which the patient is continuously hospitalized for an acute illness leading to a diagnosis of HUS. Transfers between hospitals are considered part of the same hospitalization.

### **Form A-Case Report**

- a. This form collects demographic information and data needed to confirm the diagnosis of HUS. It should be completed as soon as possible after the case is identified.
- b. The information may be collected by interviewing the attending physician, his/her designate (e.g., infection control nurse), and / or by reviewing the patient's medical record. If the patient has been transferred between hospitals, it may be necessary to contact the referring (or receiving) physician. This should be done even if the referring physician does not work within the formal FoodNet catchment area.

### **Form B-Microbiology Report**

- a. This form collects information on specimens that may have been obtained as part of regular medical care.
- b. Upon learning of the case, the HUS surveillance officer will complete a form by contacting the microbiology laboratory at all institutions where the patient is or has been hospitalized during the course of the acute illness. If the patient is still hospitalized, the officer will contact the laboratory periodically until the patient is discharged to identify any subsequent specimens.
- c. ***When a HUS case residing in the FoodNet catchment area has an STEC infection identified from stool, sites should document the state laboratory id number AND the FoodNet patient ID number.*** This information will be used to link the HUS Surveillance data with the FoodNet active data. Please follow the guidelines below when recording the FoodNet patient ID number for your site. The information entered will depend on your site's method of transmitting the FoodNet active data.
  - 1. Sites utilizing PHLIS should enter their Site ID, the patient ID, and the specimen ID.
  - 2. Sites utilizing NEDSS, should enter the NEDSS patient ID.
  - 3. Sites that do not use PHLIS or NEDSS (i.e. XLAD) should enter the local ID.
- d. Serum testing will be available for 7 serogroups. Please enter only the serogroup (“LPS type”) in which significant levels of antibodies against an STEC were detected.
- e. One copy of the microbiology report form may be completed for each laboratory

## **Appendix XVI: Surveillance for Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS) Protocol 2005**

testing a stool specimen from the patient. This includes clinical reference laboratories, public health laboratories and laboratories located outside the formal catchment area. However, only one summary form should be entered into the database

### **Form C-Chart Review**

- a. This form collects information on the outcome and complications of the patient's acute illness.
- b. Following discharge of the patient, the HUS surveillance officer should obtain a copy of the hospital discharge summary, consult notes, and the diagnostically related groups (DRG) coding sheet and use these to complete the form.
- c. One copy of the chart review form may be completed for each hospital the patient was admitted. However, only one summary form should be entered for all institutions where the patient was admitted during the hospitalization period, including any hospitals located outside the formal EIP/FoodNet catchment area.

## **Appendix XVII: Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Data Use Policy**

### **CDC's Emerging Infections Program Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Data Use Policy**

I understand that I am responsible for the integrity and management of these datasets. The datasets will not be provided to a third party without the permission of the FoodNet Steering Committee. In the spirit of collaboration, I agree to keep the FoodNet Steering Committee informed of the results of analyses. In accordance with the FoodNet publication guidelines, I will not distribute the results of these analyses, electronically or otherwise, in the form of a poster, abstract, manuscript, report, press release, or other public presentation without the approval of the FoodNet Steering Committee.

If you have any questions about the data use policy, please contact FoodNet at 404-371-5465 or mailto: [foodnet@cdc.gov](mailto:foodnet@cdc.gov).

<http://www.cdc.gov/foodnet>

## Appendix XVIII: Protocol Development and Publications Policy

CDC's Emerging Infections Program (EIP)  
CDC/USDA/FDA Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet)  
Revised 9/28/2004

*Guidelines for publication of manuscripts, abstracts, or other external releases of scientific data: The FoodNet publication policy applies to all manuscripts, abstracts, or external releases of scientific data in which FoodNet collaborates or which are supported, in whole or in part, through CDC's EIP.*

1. **Data from one site (site-specific projects or one site's data from a multi-site project):** Sites are encouraged to review their data frequently and to discuss interesting findings with the FoodNet Steering Committee. Although FoodNet Steering Committee approval is not required before a site (or a site and CDC) initiates an abstract, manuscript, or other external release of scientific data that is based on site-generated data, sites are strongly encouraged to inform the Steering Committee of such investigations prior to submission or external release. If the next FoodNet Steering Committee meeting is scheduled after the deadline for submission or external release of data, committee members may be contacted individually by telephone or e-mail. Sharing of such information will reduce duplicative efforts and may lead to useful additional collaborations.
2. **Aggregate data:** CDC, sites, USDA, and FDA are encouraged to review the aggregate data (defined as data from  $\geq 2$  sites) frequently and discuss interesting findings with the FoodNet Steering Committee. The FoodNet Steering Committee will ensure that aggregate data are analyzed and published in a timely and equitable manner, and will ensure high scientific standards.
  - a. Proposals for data analysis and external releases of scientific data may be initiated by individuals at CDC, any of the sites, USDA, or FDA. Such proposals should be made available to the FoodNet Steering Committee at least 1 week prior to the next Steering Committee call (usually the second Thursday of the month). Leadership of any given project is open to discussion by the Steering Committee.
  - b. The FoodNet Steering Committee will designate a "Working Group", usually one member per site but representing at least five sites, to work on creating a study protocol. The person who presents the proposal to the FoodNet Steering Committee will usually be a member of the Working Group and, with FoodNet administrative support, will arrange the first meeting or conference call.
  - c. At the first meeting or conference call, the study team will determine the "Working Group Leader." The Working Group Leader, with FoodNet administrative support, must be willing

## Appendix XVIII: Protocol Development and Publications Policy

and able to lead protocol and questionnaire development, and schedule and conduct meetings or conference calls. If the original Team Leader is unable to continue in a leadership role, or if another team member emerges as the leader (for example, by heading the protocol development), a leadership change may occur. If such a change is endorsed by the Study Team, the change may proceed. If there is disagreement within the Working Group about such a change, the matter will be resolved by the FoodNet Steering Committee. Other changes in Working Group personnel will be handled by the Study Team with the Steering Committee resolving any disagreements.

- d. The Working Group Leader will be the principal investigator (PI). The decision of who is to be PI will be made no later than the initiation of the project or study. The PI will have the right of first refusal to be lead author or presenter of primary work (that is, publication or presentation).
  - e. The Study Team will select an "Analytic Team," which might be a subset of the Study Team or might include other FoodNet staff from CDC, USDA, FDA, or the sites.
  - f. The final study design and questionnaire will be made available to each site, CDC, FDA, and USDA for comment before the study or analysis proceeds.
3. **Dataset distribution:** Once a proposal has been approved by the steering committee, the appropriate dataset will be forwarded to each collaborator of the Analytical Team. A data release agreement must be signed at the time of receipt of the dataset and will be kept on file at CDC.
  4. **Authorship:**
    - a. All authors of manuscripts and abstracts will adhere to the criteria outlined in the Uniform Requirement of Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals, last updated November 2003 (<http://www.icmje.org/>). The Working Group will be the nucleus of the author list, unless a member declines or designates a replacement; any substitute or additional author must fulfill the Uniform Requirement criteria indicated above. The lead author, in consultation with the senior author, will determine the order of authorship. The Steering Committee will resolve any differences of opinion in this listing.
    - b. "Emerging Infections Program FoodNet Working Group" will be included as the last entry on the authorship line in all publications and an asterisk or footnote will refer to a listing of names.
    - c. Every publication in which FoodNet collaborates or which is



## Appendix XVIII: Protocol Development and Publications Policy

supported wholly or in part through FoodNet should acknowledge the project name in the manuscript text. A sample sentence might be "This work was conducted by the FoodNet project of the Emerging Infections Program Network." Publications should also acknowledge financial support by referring to the CDC Emerging Infections Program cooperative agreement number and by acknowledging support from other agencies as appropriate.

- d. All manuscripts or abstracts that include a CDC author will follow CDC clearance guidelines, which include that all authors have time to review and comment on manuscripts and abstracts before they are put into clearance.
5. **Timelines:** Timelines for the development of major publications will be drafted by the PI and will be listed on the Publications Spreadsheet. These timelines can include deadlines for analysis, abstract submission for a national meeting, outline of paper, first draft, draft acceptable for clearance, and final paper for submission. If deadlines are not met, the Steering Committee can open the paper to leadership by other investigators.